PUBLISHED MONTHLY PRICE ANNAS 8.
THE INDIAN RAILWAY
TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.
THE BEST AND MOST COMPLETE GUIDE IN INDIA.
Time and Fare Tables of all Indian Railways; Steam Boats, and Daks, Places of Interest—Inland and along the Coast, Postal and Telegraphic Information, &c., &c.
COLOURED MAP OF INDIA.
"Bombay Gazette" Press, Fort, Bombay.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 53,543—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY :—FRIDAY, JULY 21, 1905. PRICE 4 ANNAS.

BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY.

Milkmaid
LARGEST SALE IN THE WORLD.
BRAND Milk

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing. 1905. Saturday, 2 P.M.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with.	Tons
22nd July	ARCADIA	6903		
29th ,,	ORIENTAL	6284	MARMORA	10509
5th Aug.	ARABIA	7993		
12th ,,	PENINSULAR	5294	CHINA	7912
19th ,,	PERSIA	7951		
26th ,,	ORIENTAL	6284	MOLDAVIA	9950
2nd Sept.	EGYPT	7912		
9th ,,	PENINSULAR	5294	MACEDONIA	10512
16th ,,	CALEDONIA	7538		
23rd ,,	ORIENTAL	6284	VICTORIA	6522
30th ,,	MALTA	6064		

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.
Passengers for Brindisi transhipp to a connecting steamer at Port Said.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON the day previous to sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 A.M. on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with Port of Destination.

Tenders leave the Ballard Pier on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between 12 and 12-30 o'clock P.M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on Board the Mail Steamer unless so examined, and conveyed thence in the Company's Steam Barges. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of passengers cannot go on Board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on TUESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China, and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals calling at ports on route.

FRANK RITCHIE,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 30th May, 1905.

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GRINDLAY GROOM & CO.,
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PASSENGERS booked without charge, and on Favourable Terms, Berths carefully selected.
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PASSENGERS met on arrival.
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CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES, DRAFTS and SOVEREIGNS at current rates.

Calcutta Agents.—GRINDLAY & Co.
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AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH
THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

BOMBAY TO TRIESTE VIA ADEN, SUEZ AND PORTSAID.

DIRECT LINE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on
IMPERATOR	F. Mosa	4,119	1st Oct. 1905,

PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 600	Rs. 325	Rs. 150

Takes Passengers to East African ports with transhipment at Aden.

ORDINARY LINE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about.
FRANZ FERDINAND	C. Matcovich	6,046	21st July 1905,
*† MARIA VALERIE	P. Barberovich	4,247	28th ,, ,,
† NIPPON	Soich	6,316	5th Aug. 1905
† CHINA	S. Tomanovich	6,000	26th ,, ,,

† Will call at Fiume.

PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

	Saloon.	Deck
TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 400	Rs. 150

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE AND VENICE AVAILABLE FOR ANY PERIOD WITHIN TWO YEARS.

1st Class, Rs. 720, 2nd Class Rs. 480, Saloon Rs. 300

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1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued Via Trieste, the St. Gothards and other Routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE MESSAGERIES MARITIMES CO.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Austrian Lloyds and the Return Voyage by the Messageries Maritimes Co. at reduced fares.

Passengers to VENICE tranship at TRIESTE to another Steamer of the Company which takes about 8 hours to cross the Gulf.

STEAM TO JAPAN VIA COLOMBO, PENANG SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
PERSIA	P. Cragliotto	6,893	26th July.

For further particulars regarding Passages, Apply to

L. FONDA, Acting Agent.
Siemens House 54, Church Gate Street, Fort Bombay

MAY 1st 1905.

ALL PREVIOUS ISSUES ARE HEREBY CANCELLED.

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From BOMBAY via KARACHI TO LONDON (via MARSEILLES or GENOA); LIVERPOOL and other Ports.

The following Sailings are subject to alterations :—

1 Class.	Steamer.	Tons.	Commander	Sailing from Liverpool.	Due at Port Said about.	Due Bombay about.	Leave Bombay.
				1905	1905	1905	1905
B	Aston Hall,	3627	*M'Fee	24th Jn.	7th July	21st Jul	28th Jul.
B	City of Edinburgh.	6255	*Whish	3th July.	20th ,,	3rd Aug.	8th Aug.
B	Brankscme Hall	4500	*Hood	18th ,,	30th ,,	13th ,,	8th ,,
B	Frome	5210	*M Kay	27th ,,	8th Au.	22nd ,,	27th ,,

Steamers marked * have no Electric Light.

All the A class Steamers carry Surgeon and Stewardess and are fitted with Electric Fans and Light.

For Passage and further Particulars apply to

KILLICK, NIXON & Co.,
Agents, ELLERMAN LINES OF STEAMERS,
BOMBAY.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.
Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR KARACHI.

T. S. "LINGA," 2,171 tons, on FRIDAY, 21st July, from the Victoria Dock, No. 14 Shed, on arrival of English Mail.

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "BULIMBA," 2,510 tons, on MONDAY 24th July, from the Victoria Dock, No. 14 Shed, calling at Karachi, Pasni, Gwadur, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Lingah, Bahrein, Bushire and Busreh.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH.

T. S. "LAMA," 2,171 tons, on THURSDAY, 27th July, from the Victoria Dock, No. 14 Shed, calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire, Koweit and Mahomerah, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Baghdad.

FOR EAST AFRICA AND ADEN.

S. S. "NERBUDDA," 3,025 tons, on or about 17th Aug. calling at Zanzibar, Mombasa, Lamu and Aden.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "BHUNDARA," 2,936 tons, on or about 21st July.

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO., Agents
Bombay, 20th July, 1905.

KING, KING & Co.,

BANKERS and EAST INDIA AGENTS,
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PASSAGES ENGAGED and best available berths secured at lowest rates obtainable by P. and O. and all other Steamers free of charge of Commission.

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Special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers travelling 2nd Class by P. and O.

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PASSENGER Steamers are despatched from Calcutta direct to Adelaide, Melbourne, Sydney, and Brisbane, returning *via* Torres Straits booking Cargo and Passengers through to Ports in Queensland and New Zealand with liberty to call at Singapore and Batavia.

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MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.
Bombay, 20th July, 1905.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on
YARRA	4,255	Sellier	10th Aug. 1905,
NERA	6,876	Schmitz	7th Sept. 1905,
DUMBEA	5,916	Boyer	6th Oct 1905,

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at Reduced Fares,

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT,
AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessel.	Tons.	Captain.	To Sail on or about
DUMBEA	5,910	Boyer	24th July 1905,
AUSTRALIEN	6,635	Verron	19th Aug. ,,

RETURN FARES TO AUSTRALIA.

Available for 24 months.
1st Class Rs. 745, 2nd class Rs. 535, 3rd class Rs. 295.
For further Particulars apply to

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The Sailings of the Messageries Maritimes Coy. fit in exactly with the requirements of Civil and Military Officers on 3 months' Privilege leave

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(GERMAN EAST AFRICA LINE.)

Regular fort-nightly service from BOMBAY to DURBAN via ZANZIBAR.

THE following Steamers will SAIL:—

Steamers.	Tons.	Capt.	To sail.
GENERAL	2351	Pens	31st July

Taking Passengers and Cargo for LAMU, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR GERMAN and PORTUGUESE Coast ports and DURBAN.

For Rates and Particulars apply to

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THE INDIAN RAILWAY GUIDE.—An indispensable Book for Travellers in India and the East. Contains the Special time and Fare Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies, the Steamer Route to India and the Eastern Seas, and other useful information. Price 3 Annas. Coloured Map of India revised from Official Sources. To be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office and all Booksellers and Railway Termini.

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	Rs.	a.
30 lbs. bag, Large Coffee delivered free at any Railway Station between Coimbatore and Bombay	12	0
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6 1-lb. tins do. do. do. do.	5	10

FOR FULL PARTICULARS OF WHOLE and GROUND COFFEE and TEA.

APPLY TO T. STANES & CO.,
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FINEST ITALIAN CONFECTIONERY.

	Rs. as.
VENCHI'S CARAMELLE MIGNON (with Fruit Gelatine)	1 12 per lb.
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VENCHI'S ROCK DROPS, SATINES FOURRES, etc... or in Small Pocket Flasks As. 8 each and in Large size patent air-tight Glass Jars Rs. 3-12 and Rs. 7.	1 12 ,,

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

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UP-COUNTRY ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

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NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA FLORIO AND RUBATINO UNITED COMPANIES.

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct or BRINDISI and VENICE.

(transhipping at PORT SAID).

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
D. BALDUINO	4,580	O. Canepa	15th Aug. 1905,
R. RUBATTINO	4,580	M. Saporiti	15th Sept. 1905,

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE AND BEER.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class
Single tickets	600	Rs. 350	Rs. 195
Return tickets available 4 years	,, 900	,, 525	

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Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
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Excellent accommodation. SALOON Fares to SINGAPORE Rs. 165, and to HONGKONG Rs. 220.

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	½ doz. Rs.	a.
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SOUND, Keyless Lever movement guaranteed to withstand the rough wear which, a watch fitted to a Motor Car must necessarily receive. Fitted with atmospheric compensation balance and brequet hairspring. The latter prevents displacement of Hairspring in the event of severe blow or fall. 2½ inch dial. Nickel case.

The Watch is supplied with perfect fitting Nickel Case with Screw Holes for attaching to Car, the angle at which back is cut brings dial of Watch prominently before Car occupants.

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A FIRST CLASS FAMILY HOTEL.

COMMANDS A SPLENDID VIEW OF THE MAIDAN.
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Every BEDROOM has a BATHROOM Attached.
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SPACIOUS PAVILION, SPECIALLY INTENDED FOR LADIES,

REPLETE WITH EVERY COMFORT AND CONVENIENCE.

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IS THE ONLY ONE
In the whole of India who has received
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GUARANTEED TO CURE OR MONEY BACK.

BATLIWALLA'S AGUE PILLS or MIXTURE drives all the poisonous Malarial germs out of the body. It is truly wonderful that this dread disease can be cured so readily, but it can and that is all you need to think about. If you buy a bottle of BATLIWALLA'S AGUE PILLS or MIXTURE and if it does not cure your Influenza Malarious, Intermittent and Bilious Fevers and mild form of Plague, let me know at once and I will refund your money. I want no man's money unless I am satisfied that Batliwalla's remedies has given him more than his money's worth. Can you blame me for being enthusiastic about the efficacy of Batliwalla's Remedies? I have been selling them for years all over this country and in other countries. Batliwalla's Ague Mixture has attained such a high reputation in the Bombay Druggist's market that if I agree to take only one Rupee per dozen less than the market rate, I can sell one thousand dozens of it in one day only I offer a challenge of Rs. 5,000 to any one who can disprove this statement.

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GUARANTEED TO CURE OR MONEY BACK.

A valuable remedy in all cases of Nervous exhaustion, Melancholia, Pale Shallow complexion, Overwrought brain-work, Impotency, Constitutional weakness, Seminal emission in sleep, Early stage of Consumption, Indigestion, Impairment of understanding due to excessive indulgence and many other ailments to which the human frame is subjected. In cases of prematurely aged persons these Pills are found highly effective. They are highly recommended to all busy workers who earn their living not by muscle, but by their brains, and to students and scholars, growing boys and girls, who in addition to perhaps inheriting a feeble constitution, are educated on the modern system of cram and overwrought brainwork. These Pills have been found to be powerful and rapid restorer of mental and physical vigour. They restore the diminished capacity for intellectual work, the loss of appetite and imperfect digestion

PRICE Rs. 1-8 PER BOTTLE.

Batliwalla's Ague Pills or Mixture and Batliwalla's Embiril Tonic Pills (for Pale People) may be had from TREACHER and Co., Kemp and Co., PHILLIPS and Co., BEYNON and Co. etc,. etc., etc. or from the Sole Manufacturers, DR. H. L. BATLIWALLA, Worli, Dadar Bombay. Discount to the Trade

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PRICE Rs. 2.

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The cheapest, best, and most convenient.—*Vide* Press notices.

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PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE.

THE attention of owners of MOTOR VEHICLES is drawn to sub-Section (3) of Section 9 of the Rules published under Bombay Act No. II of 1904, which lays down that every transfer of ownership shall forthwith be intimated to the Registering Authority by the Registered owner.

H. G. GELL,
Commissioner of Police.

Police Commissioner's Office, Bombay, 15th July, 1905.

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that we have just received fresh supplies and priced them at LOWEST possible rates in order to effect a speedy sale.

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HORNBY ROAD, BOMBAY,
AGENTS TO THE WESTERN INDIA ARMY BOOT AND EQUIPMENT FACTORY, SION, BOMBAY.

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Captain FARRELL confines himself solely to Professional work and has no connection whatever with any commission stables nor does he do any dealing in horses.

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DURING the Hot Steamy Weather when your Glasses persist in falling off your nose, a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense, will be found a great boon.

They are self adjusting
There is nothing to break
They are always Horizontal
They are the acme of comfort and very strong
No slipping off the Nose.

Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting :—
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Cheapest Dealers in
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RUBBER STAMP MAKERS,
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TRY THE
MAY BLOSSOM.
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TEAS
Are the Best in the Market, having been picked and blended by an Expert.
A CHOICE CUP OF TEA.
BE PUT OFF WITH NO OTHER,
SOLD EVERYWHERE.
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MANISHANKER GOVINDJI,
ATANK NIGRAH PHARMACY,
JAMNAGAR KATHIAWAR.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVTS.

Only Advertisements for Clerks, Servants, &c., Houses to Let, and Goods for Sale or Wanted, are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only.) Three lines, per insertion. One Rupee. Every additional line, Eight Annas. REPLIES will be sent "BEARING unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid.

"CLARESQUE" PLATE POWDER,—Produces a polish like new on Jewellery, Silver Goods Plate and Clear Metals. Guaranteed free from Mercury. Trial Samples gratis on application. Per tin Annas 12, per dozen Rs. 8. We recommend it.—MARCKS and Co., Ltd., Bombay and Poona.

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REPAIRS OF Rs. 1-8 within 25 years. I take this opportunity to tell you that Singer's Sewing Machine, which I purchased 25 years ago, has required only Rs. 1-8 for repairs, and it is still going strong of all parts. J. R. Gardener. 16, Forbes Street, Bombay.

RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, near Moos Buildings. Give it a trial and you will never regret your visit. Board and Residence, Rs. 2 and 3 per day. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Splendid Bars. Brand new Billiard Tables. Dinner Rs. 1-4-0 ; Tiffin, Re, 1-0-0 ; Breakfast As. 12. Dinners served till late hours.

PRINCE OF WALES HOTEL, Elphinstone Circle opposite the Town Hall. Further extensions and renovations. Rooms airy and commodious with bath rooms attached to each. Rates from Rs. 2-8-0 to Rs. 4-0-0 per day. Special arrangements for monthly boarders and families making a prolonged stay. Cuisine a speciality.—Apply to the MANAGER.

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SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY
No. 7, MARINE STREET.

SALE OF CHARCOAL AND FIREWOOD.

Under instructions from the Administrator-General, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by Public Auction TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 22nd instant, at the hours and places mentioned below, the stock-in-trade of the late Haji Sakoor Haji Poonja.

In the godown on Nowrojee Hill at 2 p. m.—a quantity of charcoal.

In the godown at Barookhana, Mazagon, opposite the Emperor Edward Mill at 3 p. m. A quantity of charcoal and firewood.

In the shop in the chawl near Sankli Tank, Byculla, at 4 p. m.—A quantity of charcoal and firewood.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 22nd instant, at 2 p. m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Apollo Street, Fort, next to Mr. James Pearse, (where the kit has been removed for sale), the valuable and neat teak wool and blackwood household furniture, such as dining table, chairs, sideboard, dumbwaiter, suit of drawing room, sofas and chairs, marble topped tables and teapoys, cabinets, bedsteads, almira, clothe presses, chests of drawers, marble topped, dressing and washand tables, table ornaments, ebonized cottage Piano, by Julius Pfaffe, Berlin, bed plated ware, glassware and crockery, windproof lamps, etc., the property of Commander S. D. VALE.

The property is on view.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

On MONDAY, the 24th instant, at 2 p. m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms a quantity of grey, white and coloured piece goods and the following :—

Furniture, such as tables, chairs easy chairs, cupboards, dressing, and wash-hand and writing tables, chest of drawers, Chubb's iron safe on stand.

1 pair Cutch work silver flower pots called kamal patra attached with a pair of deers.

Under instructions from the Administrator-General the effects of the late Lieut. Joseph Benson Farrell, consisting of silver cigar ante case, two silver napkin rings in case, gold guards, silver sovereign case, silver cigar cutter, shoe buckle and electroplated medical instrument.

Also the effects of the late Mrs. Mercy Ellis Farrell, consisting of silver button hook, brushes, combs, napkin rings, salt collar in case, fruit and butter knives, powder box, trays electroplated ware such as eggs and, water jug toast rack, tea pot dessert table and teaspoons, etc.

Also 1 mourning dress, belonging to the estate of the late Mrs. Annie Caroline De Souza.

AT 2 P. M.

Several gents' bicycles, by different makers.
1 French polished office shigram,
1 double seated brougham.
1 light rubber tyred victoria.
And any other carriages and horses which may be offered.

CRAWFORD & CO.

Bombay, 21st July, 1905.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT BHANDARWADA ROW.

In the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdictions.

Suit No. 539 of 1902.

Ally Mahomed Rahimtoola, of Bombay, Khoja Mahomedan inhabitant, by his next friend and mother Fatmabai, widow of Rahimtoola Ebrahim, residing at Tandel Street, otherwise called Durga Mohola out of Fort ..... Plaintiff.

Vs.

1. Moolbai, widow of Ebrahim Peer Mahomed, residing at Pedder Road out of Fort. 2. Vali Mahomed Peer Mahomed, Merchant, residing at Pedder Road, aforesaid and others ..... Defendants.

Under the direction of the first and second defendants abovenamed as Executors of the last Will and Testament of the late Ebrahim Peer Mahomed and in pursuance of the Decree in the above mentioned Suit bearing date the 23th day of February, 1905, Messrs. BENNETT & Co., will on the day and hour hereinafter mentioned, sell by Public Auction on the premises the following properties :—

Lot No. III.—THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 21st day of July, 1905, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon on the premises.

All those four pieces or parcels of Government land or ground with the messuage, tenement or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Bhandarwada Row, without the Fort, in the Island of Bombay, in the district of Bombay, fronting on the north side of the said Bhandarwada Row, which said pieces of land containing by admeasurement 687 square yards or thereabouts and are assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under C. S. Nos. 5 J, 534, 535 and 536, new Nos. 6321 to 6324, Old Survey Nos. 891, 892, 893, 894, and New Survey No. 23.8, the said messuage, tenement or dwelling-house, hereditaments and premises being assessed by the Collector of Assessment under No. 2, B. Ward No. 1977 and Street No. 12-2 and which land and premises are bounded on or towards the east by the property of Mahomed Rowji, on or towards the west by the property of Hadi Gul Mahomed Haji Abdul Rahman, on or towards the north by a sweeper's passage, and on or towards the south by the aforesaid Bhandarwada Row.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Thakurdas and Co., or to the Undersigned.

BONA FIDE SALE.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE OLD CHINA.

THIS DAY, Friday the 21st inst, at 1 p.m. sharp, Messrs. BENETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Church Gate Street, Fort, opposite Messrs. M. Breslauer & Co., on account of the concerned a rare specimens of old nankin and other Chinese, Japanese, Dresden, and English porcelain, consisting of large and small jars, bowls, plates, dishes, cups, jugs, boxes, figures, garden seats, flower pots, tea jars etc. Small piece of very valuable genuine old Satsuma and old Chinese enamels, a collection of old Indian beautifully carved ivory, a small collection of Chinese and Japanese genuine old bronzes, some pieces of old Sheffield plate, old Chinese furniture, etc., etc.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

N.B.—The above will be sold in small lots to suit the requirements of the purchasers.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 22nd instant, at 3 p.m. Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms a quantity of gray and coloured piece goods etc,

By order of the Goods superintendent, G. I. P. Railway, Wari Bunder—

Re Nagpur to Bombay Invoice No 73 of 26th November, 1901—

1 case Winchester gun and empty cartridges,

AT 1-30 P.M.

1 handsome strong glass fronted miniature brougham in very good order.
1 handsome strong palanquin office shigram in good order,
1 handsome strong Second hand victoria in very good order.
1 Bay pony quiet in harness.
1 Grey Arab quiet in harness and saddle.
1 handsome strong tonga, in good order.

BENNETT & CO.

Bombay, 21st July, 1905.

MENESSE AND COMPANY,
No. 35, HUMMUM STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF BUILDING MATERIALS OF BUILDINGS AT CHANDUNWADI.

Under instructions from the Bombay Improvement Trust Messrs. MENESSE & Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 22nd instant, at 3-30 p.m., the materials for removal of the following buildings :—

All the materials of Houses Street Nos. 19, 19, 24, 23, in Chandunwadi.

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MENESSE & Co.,

Bombay, 21st July, 1905.

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Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits..... Gold $3,288,424 ; 51

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F. H. SUTTON,
Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE,
42/48, Church Gate Street.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL...£1,200,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL £600,000
RESERVE FUND.....£500,000

HEAD OFFICE :
17, BISHOPSGATE STREET WITHIN LONDON, E.C

BRANCHES :

Calcutta,	Delhi,	Cawnpore,	Tuticorin,
Lahore,	Bombay,	Colombo,	Zanzibar,
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Kurrachee,	Rangoon,	Newera Elya,	Nairobi.
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CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 100,000, but no Interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 10 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.

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HARRY S. JOHNSTON,
Acting Manager.

ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LD.

CAPITAL (paid up) .....Rs. 15,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper) .....Rs. 19,50,000

HEAD OFFICE : SIMLA.

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Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, and Umballa.

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London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

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FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rate which can be ascertained on application.

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RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable upon application.

H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Agent.

Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL £1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....£1,125,000
PAID UP CAPITAL £562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS £562,500
RESERVE FUNDS.....£110,000

HEAD OFFICE :
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E. C.

LONDON BANKERS :
The Bank of England.
The London Joint Stock Bank.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES :

BOMBAY, KURRACHEE, CALCUTTA, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG and SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms :—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 10,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MURDOCH,
Manager.

Esplanade Road, Bombay.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.,

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL..... Yen 24,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL ..... " 18,000,000
ORDINARY RESERVE FUND.. " 9,720,000
SPECIAL RESERVE FOR SILVER FUNDS ..... " 600,000

HEAD OFFICE : YOKOHAMA.

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K. KODAMA,
Manager
Albert Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort Bombay.

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CORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

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RESERVE FUND..... £875,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS..... £800,000

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HATTON COURT, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON.

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CURRENT DEPOSIT accounts are opened and interest allowed at 2 per cent. PER ANNUM on the minimum Monthly Balance up to Rs. 100,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum does not amount to Rs. 10 half-yearly.

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FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

GEORGE MILLER,
Acting Agent.

Esplanade Road, Bombay.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital .....$ 100,00,000
Sterling Reserve Fund .....$ 100,00,000
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Reserve Liability of Proprietors ....$ 100,00,000

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LONDON COMMITTEE.

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Post Free.

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Apply to the MANAGER.

HIGH COURT.—July 21.

Before the Hon. the Chief Justice and the Hon. Mr Justice BATTY.

For Judgment.

1397-Little and Co—N C Macleod 78 The B B and C I Ry Co—Crawford B and Co

1388-Mansukhlal J and H Bhugwandas Narrotamdas vs Kanji Dewji and another—Payne and Co

Before the Hon. Mr. Justice B. TYEBJI.

For Consent Decree.

473-01—Smetham B and N Dossabhoy Bejonji Motivala vs Radhabai widow and others—Chinis and M

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

774-01—K D Shroff—Mahomed Cassum Dharamsey vs Joseph Ezekel and others—Crawford B and Co—Payne and Co and Little and Co.—Part heard.

Testamentary Suits

19-04—Valvi H and M—Jamnadas Bhugwandas vs Oodheram Balkison—K J Billimoria

Long Causes

816-01—Mathubhai J K—Moreshwar Narayen vs Krishnarao Vinayekrao Relevs—Chitnis and M.

811-03—Madhavji and R—Vithaldas Damodhar and another v Roopcoverbai widow and other—Bhalshunker K and G.

449-03—Jamsetjee and R—Abdool Hossein and Moola vs Jan Mahomed Meherally and others—In person M B Chothia

250-04—Unwala and P—Mollaji vs Rustomji Byramjee Daruwalla and another—Pestonjee R and K B Mehta

523-04—Hiralal D—Cawasjee Engineer vs Balajee Jagannath

882-04—Hiralal D—Bai Dookorebai vs Munmohandas Ranjee and others—Anjuria H D and Co and J K

382-04—Muljiani D—Jan Mahomed Hajee Osman vs Hajee Canny Hajee Osman—Captain and V

Testamentary Suits.

23-01—Serajli and J—Madhusudan Raghoba and another vs Maturabai widow—in person.

15-01—Tribhuvandas and Co—Manilal widow of Ranchordas Dewchand vs Kanji Javaji Madhowji and K

2-01—Little and Co Bai Jashibai widow vs Soondergi Damji Kanga and P

Long Causes

324-03—Bhalshankr K and G—Vajeshanker vs Dinanath Vishan Madgaokar and others.

762-03—Jamsetji and R—Raja Bahadur Rushdeja Chapji Kalay Patil vs Chapji Bahaji Kalay Patell—Mulla and M.

164-04—Captain and V—Shaik Akbar Rahman Bandaray and another vs Shaik Ebrahim Shaik Ameer Bandaray and others—Ardeser H D and Co.

35-03—Chitnis and M—Sayana Shivu and others vs Bai Natsvobai widow and another—Payne and Co

503-03—Payne and Co—The Administrator General of Bombay vs Hajee Yusuf Hajee Ajul and others by Ivajee D and Co

881-04—M B Chothia—Jivraj Hurjiwan and another vs Manekbai widow and another—Mansukhlal J and H

Before the Honble Mr Justice BATCHELOR.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes

8-04—Ardeser H D and Co—Patoobhoy Jetha and others vs Haji Goolam Hossein Azam Payne and Co

857-04—F P Pavri Cawasjee Cursetjee Bhanjupwalla and other vs Dorabjee Hormusjee Ashburner and others Little and Co.

48-05—Payne and Co—Ahmed Succoor Badsha vs Mahomed Fuzanbin Shaik Ahmed Makba—F P Pavri—Part heard

717-05—Madhavji and K—Chagrlal Nararji and others vs Hemraj Jadavji—Tyabji D and Co

313-07—M B Chothia Jeezabai widow and another vs Bhimji Rajli and others—Matubhoy J and M.

857-04—Muljl and Co—Khaliz bai alias Khatoobai widow vs Osmun Haji Abdul and others—Dikshit D and S

55-01—Bhalshunker K and G Heridas Asanund and others vs Mitharam Chandumall and others Ardeser H D and Co

824-03—Mansukhlal J and H—Valivai widow vs Purshotam Veram Mowjee and another vs—Dikshit D and S and Hiralal D

3-06—Trakurdas and Co—Haji Sabco Sidick and other vs Phroshaw Manockji—Smitham B and N

478-01—Madhowji and K—Hardwerimal Shivenandral and others vs Shivbux Motiram and another—Raghavaya and B—In person

Before the Hon. Mr. Justice CHANDAVARKAR.

To speak to the minutes of the Order

37-01—Kanga and P—Soondarjee Damjee vs Dahibai Little and Co

Suits for hearing and final disposal,

Long Causes.

297-01—Payne and Co—Nawab Mahomed Kamalkhan vs Nawab Muttawad Dowlah Bahadur and another—Bicknell M and R—Partly decreed

811-01—M B Chothia—Ramchandra Megha and Co vs Raghunath Makund—Edgelow G and W

729-01—Dikshit D and S—Bomanji Nowroji Kabraji vs Cowasji Dinshaw Engineer and others—Hiralal and D

809-01—Bhalshunker K and G—Fatmabee vs Abdool Hossein Kalimadin and others—Payne and Co and Little and Co—For postponement.

812-01—Sorabji and J—Mahomedally Hassanally vs Fatmabai and others—Mulla and M.

23-04—Edgelow G and W—Chagonlal Virchand vs Fatmabai Lalubhai and another—Bhalshunker K and G.

552-01—Wadia G and Co—Heerabai widow vs Framji Jamshedji Kathed and others—Bicknell M and R Ardeser H D and Co.

232-02—Raghavaya and B—Domlog Philip Patel vs Fakirji Framji—K B Mehta.

42-04—M B Chothia Dhunjibhoy Manekji Kuppavalla vs The Hon the Advocate-General and others—Little and Co Shamrao and M.

764-04—Little and Co—Bomanji Muncherji vs Mahomedally Haji Ismail Chotam and another—Payne and Co

857-01—K D Shroff—N C Macleod vs Sorabji Edulji Warden and others—Ardeser H D and Co Unvalla and P,

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

LONDON, JULY 19.

SECURITIES—		
2 1/2 per cent. Consols	£90 1/4	= — 1/16
3 do. Rentes	£99 1/4	= unchanged
3 1/2 do. Indian Sterling Loan	£105 1/4	= do
3 1/2 per cent. Indian Enfaced Rupee Paper	£85 7/8	= do
SILVER—		
Spot in London	27 1/4	= do
2 months hence	27	= do
Spot in New York	59 1/8	= do
EXCHANGES—		
Paris cheques	25·13 1/2	= do
Berlin ,,	20·45 3/4	= 1 + 1/4
New York Demand	1·86 1/2	= — 1/8
DISCOUNTS—		
Bank of England	2 1/2 /per cent	= unchange
3 months sight Bank Bills	1 3/4 per cent	= do
3 ,, ,, ,,	2 1/8 per cent	= do
3 ,, ,, Fine Trade Bills	2 1/8 per cent	= do
3 months sight Fine Trade Bills	2 1/2 per cent	= do
INTEREST—		
Day to day loans	7/8 per cent	= do
7 day market loans	1 per cent	= — 1/8

At the Periodical biddings for Council Bills for Rs. 6,00,000

Rs. 3,·70	were allotted to	Calcutta
Rs. 17·80	do	Bombay
Rs. 4·40	do	Madras

Rs. 51·90 at 1s 4d.
Minimum rate received 8 per cent, average rate 16 01
Telegraphic Transfers—

Rs. 2·50	were allotted to	Calcutta.
Rs. 2·90	do	Bombay
Rs. nil	do	Madras

Rs. 5·10 at 1s, 4 1-32d.
Minimum rate received 8 per cent, average rate 16·03
Total amount sold during the week Rs. 40,00,000
Amount to be allotel next week Rs. 62,0,0,000
Extra allotments Bills on Bombay, Rs. 5,00,000 at 1s 4 1-32d.
Extra allotments Bills on Calcutta, Rs. 3,0,0,000 at 1s 4 1-32d.
Extra allotments Bills on Madras, Rs. 50,000 at 1s 4 1/32d.
SUGAR—
German granulated 1st marks 12 9 J J value firm
COFFEE—
Coffee in New York, 8

TALLOW.

Finest Australian Beef tallow	26/6
,, ,, Mutton ,,	29

Tone of Auction firmer.

In Liverpool.—Cotton Market closed quiet. East Indian dull. Manchester firm. Total sales 5,000. Spot 5·97 — 10, Egyptian F G F Brown 7 7-8. Sold on speculation and for export 1,000. Imports 5,000. Futures closed steady.

July.-Aug. 5·85 +1	Aug.-Sept 5·85 +1	Sept.-Oct. 5·86 +2
Oct.-Nov. 5·87 +2	Nov-Dec. 5·87 +2	Dec-Jan. 5·88 +2
Jan-Feb. 5·89 +2	Feb-March. 5·89 +2	Mch.-Apl. 5·90 +2

Receipts at U S Ports	17,000 bales
Do last year	3,830 do
Exports to Great Britain	2,000 do
Do do Continent	nil

IN NEW YORK—

Spot	11·10 + 10
Futures, month of July	10·31 + 21 a
Do do, Dec	11·07 + 21 b

a Advanced owing to bull support and short covering. b Advanced owing to daily weather reports show too much rain.

IN NEW ORLEANS—

Spot	10 58 + 18
Futures, month of Sept	10·95 + 27
Do. do. Dec	11·02 + 28
Tone at close	steady

Liverpool quotations for Broach show a decline of 1-16d.

Arrivals of Cotton, Wheat and Seeds into Bombay, for the 24 hours ending at 6 p. m., on Wednesday, 19th July 1905 :—

Cotton	4,000 bales.
Wheat	3,102 cwts.
Linseed	1,141 do
Rape, Rai and Mustard	361 do
Gingellyseed	4 do
Poppyseed	642 do
Groundnuts	491 do
Castorseed	147 do
Rice	2,491 do
Myrabollams	218 do
Cottonseed	1,228 do
Mowraseed	1,983 do
Gram	nil
Joowar	1,626 do
Maize	nil

BOMBAY, JULY 20.

EXCHANGE—Tone, steady.

Bank T. T.	1s. 4d
Bank Demand	1s. 4 1-32d.
Credit Bills 3 Months Sight D.A.	1s. 4 5-32d.
Do. 6 do. do.	1s. 4 14d.
French Francs 3 do. do.	109 1-2
Marcks 3 do. do.	138
Hongkong 30 Days Sight	138 1-2
Shanghai 30 do.	193
Japan 30 do.	149 1-2

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—3 1/2 per cent. Tone, quie

Cash	98'11
1st Settlement 1st August	98'9

Money Market, Tone very easy.
BANK RATE—

Bank of England since	9th March	2 1-2 per cent.
Bank of Bombay	do. 6th July	4 do.
Bank of Bengal	do. 20th July	3 do.
Bank of Madras	do. 10th July	4 do.

SEED.

	Rs.	a.	p.
LINSEED.—Tone steady			
Ready Business done	7	5	0
Forward September	7	9	9
RAPESEED.—Tone dull, nothing doings			
Brown Cawnpore, Ready	6	6	0
Yellow Cawnpore, Ready	6	14	0
Yellow Guzerat, Ready	6	15	0
POPPYSEED—Tone steady			
Ready	7	9	0
CASTORSEED—Tone steady,			
Ready	31	4	0
WHEAT—Tone steady,			
White Delhi	4	11	6
White Pissy 85 per cent.	4	11	6

LIVERPOOL OPENING TELEGRAM.

Tone—quiet but steady.

Estimated sales	5,000 bales
Imports	1 000 ,,

July-Aug. 5·86 +1	Aug.-Sept. 5·85 +1	Sept.-Oct. 5·91 +5
Oct.-Nov. 5·92 +5	Nov-Dec. 5·92 +5	Dec-Jan. 5·93 +5
Jan-Feb. 5·91 +5	Feb.-Mar 5·94 +5	Mar.-Apl 5·95 +5

COTTON.—The market is steady, and sellers are trying to raise prices, and buyers are holding off in consequence Business reported is on a very small scale.

Futta quotations are higher ;

Bengals Fully Good January ..... Rs. 204
Broach M. G. Good March ..... ,, 204

Official quotations of the Bombay Cotton Trade Association, Limited :—

	delivery.	July.
Bengal, H.-G. (Ry. terms)	202	192 ... ,,
Bengals M. G. (Ry. terms)	206	193 ... ,,
Sind-Punjab (M.-G.)	207	197 ... ,,
Dhorawutte (descriptions) M.-G.	214	206 ... ,,
Khandeish, (M.-G.)	205	200 ,,
Julgaum (M.-G.)	208	202 ,,
Khundwa (M. G.)	209	201 ,,
Khamgaum, fair staple (M.-G.)	216	208 ... ,,
Karanja do. (M.-G.)		
Akola do. (M.-G.)		
Dhamangaum Poolgaum (M.-G.)	220	212 ... ,,
Nagpur Kamptee (M.-G.)	228	220 ... ,,
Broach (M.-G.)	253	247 ... ,,
Bhownugger (M.-G.)	218	210 ... ,,
Do (M.-G.)	216	208 ... ,,
Dharwar (S.-G.)	243	237 ,,
Westerns	217	211 ... ,,

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, JULY 19.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed	quiet
Surats	dull
Good Bhownugger	5 7/32
The Manchester Market has been	firm
2 1/2 per cent Consols	90 1/4
3 per cent Rentes	99 1/4
3 1/2 per cent Sterling Loan	105 1/4
3 1/2 per cent Rupee Papers	65 7/8
Bar Silver	27 1/4

HOW TO KEEP COOL.

All who suffer from the heat should add a few drops of Condy's Fluid to the Daily Bath.

A Condy's Fluid Bath imparts a delightful sensation of Coolness, Freshness and Purity. It invigorates the body and braces the nerves. The strengthening effect is Simply Magical.

Condy's Fluid is sold by all Chemists: Beware of substitutes, all of which are inferior in composition and strength; insist on having "Condy's Fluid."

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcements of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM Notices (which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender) is Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional lines. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

BOMBAY.

BIRTH.

PETIT—July 19, at Chateau Petit, the wife of Mr Jehangir Bomanjee Petit, of a son.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

ANDREWS—July 16, at Bon Espoir, Cotacamund, the wife of Major L J Andrews, 76th Carnatic Infantry, of a daughter.

FOWLER—June 13, at Newlyn Road, Rangoon, the wife of Staff Sergt S H Fowler, Supply and Transport Corps, of a daughter.

HUGHES—July 16, at Bellary, the wife of Captain J E Hughes, 27th Light Cavalry, of a daughter.

PETERSON—July 11, at Richmond Town, Bengaloro, the wife of W E Peterson, of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

SMITH—SLANE—July 6, at St Andrews Kirk, Simla, by the Rev W Rudge-Wilson, Charlotte Edith Lottie, eldest daughter of Mr and Mrs R M Slane, and Joseph Benjamin George Smith, Assistant Engineer, P W D.

WALLER—LIDDELL—June 21, at St John's Church, Bo'dre Hants, R H Waller, 38th Dogras, Indian Army, to Ethel May, daughter of Capt Liddell, R N.

DEATHS.

MILNER—July 11, at Aligarh, of blood poisoning, Edith Gertrude Milner, Lady Doctor, Dufferin Hospital Aligarh.

CUNNINGHAM—June 26, at 29, Buckingham Palace-mansions, James MacNab Cunningham, MD, LD; CSI, Surgeon-General with the Government of India, Hon Surgeon to the King, aged 76.

IS IT WEAKNESS?

At those periods when you let your arms fall by your side and experience that all gone feeling, just remember that your nerves are out of order. A bottle of

KEMP'S VITAL INVIGORATOR

will brace up and strengthen the tired nerves, and do it in a wonderfully short space of time.

The price is Rs. 3 per bottle.

KEMP & CO., LD.,
THE BOMBAY CHEMISTS.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 5h, 33m, Sun sets, 6h, 39m. High water, 2-5m., 2 27s, Low water, 7-39.m, 8-39s.
P, and O, s.s. Arabia, with English Mails of 7th instant due to arrive at 9 a.m.

POLICE NOTICE.—A gold watch and chain has been found by the Police and awaits its owner,

THE J. U. YAJNIK BHULESHWAR LIBRARY.—With a view to afford facility for reading to such members as return late home from their duties, the Library is closed every day at 9. p. m, from the 17th instant, instead of 8 p. m, as hitherto,

THEFT OF A RING AND BROOCHES.—Mr. P. R. Cutler employed at Messrs, Evans Fraser and Co. residing at Belvedere Lodge, Middle Colaba, has reported to the police that on Monday between 8 and 11 a. m, some one stole a gold ring and two gold brooches valued at Rs. 70 from the window-ledge of his bedroom, where the articles were left by Mrs. Cutler.

POSTAL NOTICES.—Mails for Ceylon and Australia per extra s. s. Dumbea will be closed at the General Post Office at 11-30 a.m, on Tuesday the 25th instant. Mails for Mauritius, Reunion, Tamatave and Diego Suarez per extra s. s. Shirala via Tuticorin and Colombo will be closed at the General Post Office at 7 p. m. on Saturday the 29th instane. Also a supplementary mail at 6 p. m. on Sunday the 30th idem.

SUICIDE OF A PARSEE YOUTH.—Mr. P. Byrne, the Coroner of Bombay, held yesterday morning at the J. J. Hospital an enquiry on the body of a Parsee youth, named Nusserwanji Temooiji Zhara, aged about twenty years and living at Sonapur Cross Lane. Evidence of Bai Cursetbai Temuiji Merwanji, mother of the deceased showed that for the last six months the deceased had been asking for money from her. He had extravagant habits and was spending more than what he earned. The witness was a poor woman and lived by cooking in Parsi families. On Wednesday he asked her again for money which she refused him, whereupon he left the house threatening suicide, as he had done on two previous occasions. Later in the evening he returned home and went straight to bed. Soon after he began vomiting and said he had taken arsenic poison. Medical aid was sent for and the deceased was removed to the J. J. Hospital where he died owing to the failure of the heart's action due to the arsenic poisoning. A verdict of suicide was returned.

AN APPEAL TO THE EMPLOYERS OF LABOUR.

YESTERDAY, at the Esplanade Police Court, before M.N.W. Kemp, Acting Chief Presidency Magistrate a young Englishman, named Henry Hazlitt Gunter appeared for pecuniary assistance. The applicant, it appears, has had bad luck ever since he came to India in February last. In Bombay he tried to find some work for himself, but in that he failed and was eventually declared a vagrant, and sent to the Government Workhouse. From this place he got a day's leave some time last month, to go out in search of work. He got work at Messrs Whiteaway and Laidlaw's, and then sent a post-card to the Governor of the Workhouse, but as he failed through ignorance to report himself to the Governor of the Workhouse, he was charged with deserting from the Workhouse and was for that breach of discipline sentenced to a week's rigorous imprisonment, by the Fourth Presidency, Magistrate. This matter having come to the notice of the Bombay High Court, an order was issued for his release. He had already passed six days' imprisonment and had lost his post. In the High Court, Gunter asked the Judges to get him a passage home, which their Lordships declared they could not do and he was asked to see a minister. His Worship, who was moved by the applicant's story of his ill-luck, ordered temporary assistance to be given him from the poor-box. He also gave him a letter to the Superintendent of the Strangers' Home, to enable Gunter to stay there for a week. His Worship observed that this was a typical case wherein employers of labour might indeed do well to come forward and help a really deserving person.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS. Weary of life, Derangement of the liver is one of the most efficient causes of dangerous diseases, and the most prolific of those melancholy forebodings, which are worse than death itself. A few doses of these noted Pills act magically in dispelling low spirits and repelling attacks made on the nerves by excessive heat. Impure atmospheres, over-indulgence, or exhausting excitement. The most shattered constitution may derive benefit from Holloway's Pills, which will regulate disordered action, brace the nerves, increase the energy of the intellectual faculties, and revive the failing memory. By attentively studying the instructions for taking these Pills, and obediently putting them in practice, the most despondent will soon feel confident of a perfect recovery.

THE IMAMBARA PROPERTY PURCHASE.

YESTERDAY at the High Court, the Hon. Mr. Justice Chandavarkar heard a suit in which Nawab Mahomed Kamalkhan of Hyderabad (Deccan) sued Sherbanu Begum, alleged to be a lunatic daughter of the late Abdul Latifkhan, by her guardian and brother Nawab Muttamad Dowla, also of Hyderabad, in respect of a part of the property known as the Bombay Imambara, situated in Jail Road and Babula Tank Road. The Hon. Mr. E.B. Raikes, Acting Advocate-General, instructed by Messrs. Payne and Co., appeared for the plaintiff; Mr. M. R. Jardine, instructed by Messrs. Raghvay a and Bhimji, appeared for the defendant.

The learned Advocate-General opened the case at some length. He said the Imambara property was of considerable value, and consisted of two bungalows, a garden, and so forth, belonging originally to Mirza Mahomed Ali, who died in 1830, after having left a will, dated 29th October, 1819. Deceased left to him surviving Bibi Mariam Begum, his wife; Mahomed Sale, a son by a former wife, named Halima; and two sons and a daughter by Mariam Begum, who were respectively, named Mirza Abas, Mirza Ali Mahomed, and Sharif Jehan Begum. The property passed in three equal shares to the three last named persons, Mahomed Sale having been excluded from it. Aga Mahomed Shushtri was appointed executor under the will, and the property remained with him for a considerable time, after the death of the testator. Sharif Jehan Begum died in 1821 being only two years of age; her only heir was her mother. In 1833 Bibi Mariam and Ali Mahomed got letters of administration of the estate of Jehan Begum. Mirza Abas died in 1830, leaving as his heirs, his widow, Khatiza Begum; daughter, Jehanara Begum; and mother, Mariam. Ali Mahomed and Mariam filed in 1833 a suit against Shushtri. On 3rd February, 1832, letters of administration were granted of the estate of Abas to Bibi Mariam, his mother. In 1833 letters of administration of Sharif Jehan Begum were granted to Mariam and Ali Mahomed. They both represented in the beginning of the year 1833 the whole of the estate, except as regarded Mahomed Sale. A bill in the Supreme Court was filed by these two in 1833 against Shushtri for the administration of the estate; to render account; and to have the property handed over. On 27th March 1834 Shushtri died. The suit continued after his death, his son-in-law Aga Mahomed Rahim Shirazi being put as defendant in his place. There was a cross-bill presented by the executor against Bibi Mariam for the disclosure of the effects in her hand. Till 1851 the suit continued to drag on leisurely; in this year Bibi Mariam died; and Ali Mahomed continued the suit alone. The result was that a decree was passed and the Imambara and other properties were recovered from Mahomed Rahim Shirazi. Ali Mahomed, being the only person having any legal title to the property, mortgaged the whole of the Imambara, including the Nautchkhana, belonging to Mirza Abas, to Jagannath Shankarsheth, on the 14th December 1854, for Rs. 40,000. In 1868 this mortgage was assigned to Jamadar Sale Umar Barak Jang. The assignment was endorsed on the deed. On 30th August 1868 Ali Mahomed died. His son Abdul Latifkhan came on the record, and continued the suit. He took out letters of administration of his father's estate. He bought out the eldest branch Mahomed Sale and his son, Aga Mahomed Taki, Abdul Latifkhan died on 22nd April 1876; he left his widow Mariam surviving; his son Mirza Ali Mahomed also the first and the second defendants in this suit. The suit against the first defendant was disposed of some time ago; the present proceedings were concerned with the second defendant only. In 1871, Khatiza and Jehanara the widow and daughter respectively of Mirza Abas, filed suit No. 50 of 1875 against Mariam Begum, the widow of Abdul Latif, and the first and the second defendants, and Barak Jang, the mortgagee, to have it declared that they were entitled to the Nautchkhana and the Mazagon Dockyard property; also, that they were not affected by the mortgage. On 15th November 1880 they obtained a decree against the defendants, declaring that a five-sixth share in the Nautchkhana belonged to them absolutely. Having got this decree, they wished to recover their share in the residuary estate, and filed a suit. In order to raise funds, on 30th August 1881 they made arrangements with Aga Mahomed Taki, by which they assigned to him half of the decree, and half their interest in the residue. This assignment was made by Khatiza and Jehanara to Taki. Then these three filed suit No. 221 of 1881 against Mariam Begum and the first and the second defendants, their prayer, being that accounts should be taken from Ali Mahomedkhan, the Trustee, and Abdul Latif. On 27th July 1882 an order of reference was made to the Commissioner for taking accounts. On 4th February 1884 there was a final decree made. The report was confirmed, and it was ordered that the defendants Ali Mahomed Abdul Latif, Mariam deceased, and Sharbanu, as heirs of Abdul Latif, should pay to the plaintiffs the sum of Rs. 4,49,989 and costs. Now, the point before the Court was whether this decree was binding on the second defendant Sharbanu, who was alleged to have been a lunatic since 1862; or at all events she was alleged to be so at the time the suit was instituted, and the decree passed. The answer of the plaintiff, to this, whether she was a lunatic or not, did not in the least affect the case. She was not found to be a lunatic by inquisition, nor was a Committee appointed. She was bound by the decree, as her interests were well represented by the other heirs, and the decree being binding on them was equally binding on her. The position was this: Khatiza Jehanara and Taki were holders of five-sixths of the Nautchkhana; the rest of the Imambara property belonged to Mariam and the first and the second defendants. Khatiza and the two other plaintiffs had attached the Imambara property in execution of the decree passed in 1884; that property was sold on 1st July 1884, and Khatiza and her co-plaintiffs purchased it, in virtue of a permission to bid given them on 7th April 1884, for Rs. 87,000. A certificate confirming the sale, was granted on 16th August 1884. To redeem Barak Jang, the three persons Khatiza, Jehanara and Taki filed suit No. 401 of 1884. To get funds for the purpose they had to mortgage their share of the property to Laxmibai Deoka an Gangji on 10th September 1881, for Rs. 10,000; and then from Laxmibai they mortgaged it on 7th September 1885 to Jairaj Parbhoy and others, for Rs. 60,000. On 12th October 1889, they incurred a further mortgage charge from Nensi Kheraj of Rs. 9,000. On 3rd September 1891, they incurred a still further charge of Rs. 10,000 on the property from Manockji Furdunji Mehta and others. On 5th February, 1894, these three mortgage charges were transferred to Chandulal Khushalji. Chandulal sold, and Ghelabhai Kalianji and another bought; the property was conveyed on 21st April, 1894. Ghelabhai and another mortgaged it to Mowanji Muncherji Gama and brother, for rupees one lakh, on 14th June, 1894. On 20th April, 1895, Ghelabhai sold the property to the present plaintiff, subject to the mortgage of rupees one lakh of the Gamas, for the sum of Rs. 1,25,000. Khatiza died in December, 1889; Jehanara on 12th March 1885. Jehanara left three sons: Mahomedali, Mirza Abas, and Mirza Mohsin. Mahomedali died in 1887; previous to his death he had married Sherbanu, the second defendant. Mariam, widow of Abdul Latif, died in 1885. Counsel then cited the authorities making the decree of 1884 binding on Sherbanu. Plaintiff prayed for a declaration that he was the owner of the Imambara property. He asked for Rs. 10,000 as damages and costs.

Defendant said that she believed the plaintiff derived his title through Aga Mahomed Taki who purported to act under a power of attorney passed by Khatiza Begum and Jehanara Begum. But this power had become inoperative by the death of Jehanara Begum. She submitted that the claim should be dismissed with costs, and her right in the property ascertained, and given effect to.

The hearing of details of the case was proceeded with.

THE ORIENT THEATRE COMPANY Ltd :

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE"

SIR,—We shall feel obliged if you will permit us to correct, through the medium of your valuable paper, one incorrect impression that prevails in some quarters, that the theatre house to be built by the above Company will be let to English Theatre Companies only. The Directors of the Company have never intended to observe any such distinction and the theatre will be available for engagement by any one whose use of it is not likely to prove detrimental to the best interests of the Company.—Yours &c.

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A MISTAKE OF THE MUNICIPALITY.

ON the Appellate Side of the High Court, the Hon. Mr. Justice Russell and the Hon. Mr. Justice Aston have disposed of criminal application for revision, No. 66 of 1905, in the case of the Municipal Commissioner for Bombay vs. Dayal Manji Kalianji, a house-owner. The applicant was served with a notice dated 15th February last, signed by Mr. W. L. Harvey, the late Municipal Commissioner, and countersigned by Dr. C. H. Cayley, No. 1 Divisional Health Officer, stating that the waste-water pipes attached to his premises No. 218 Cazi Sayed Street, were not in good order and condition by reason of want of proper repairs, trapdoors and iron-receptacles; therefore, he was required to put it all in proper order within seven days; otherwise, he would render himself liable to the penalty prescribed under Section 471 of the Municipal Act. Then a summons was issued against him from the Court of Mr. Kersandas Chhabildas, Third Presidency Magistrate, requiring him to attend the Court on 6th April to answer a charge of non compliance with the above requisitions. On 5th April, the accused wrote to Mr. W. D. Sheppard, who had succeeded Mr. Harvey, stating that the charge was absolutely untrue and he warned the Commissioner that unless he withdrew it forthwith, he would hold him responsible for all damages and costs. On the 6th April the accused appeared before the Magistrate, and stated this was a false complaint, and pleaded not guilty. Arthur Crawford Biggins, Sanitary Inspector of B. Ward, was examined for the prosecution. Witness said that he had examined the accused's property that morning; the waste-water pipe was not replaced. Cross examined by the accused witness said that he had inspected the premises on 4th March; the waste-water pipe on the first floor was choked. He did not measure the length of the pipe; but he swore and said there were waste-water pipes to this house. Accused informed the Magistrate that there was no privy, no waste-water pipe, and no nanis; he asked for time to call evidence on these points. The Magistrate refused the application for postponement and fined the accused Rs. 25. On 7th April, Dr. Cayley wrote to Messrs. Kanga and Patel, attorneys for the accused, that a "bona fide" mistake had been committed in the evidence given by his Inspector in the case, owing to the property having been wrongly identified, and an affidavit to this effect would be sworn before he Magistrate and the case would be referred to the High Court for the cancellation of the fine. Under these circumstances, added Dr. Cayley, he had the honour to request the favour of their not taking any further steps in the matter. The affidavit was sworn on Monday the 10th April by A.C. Higgins, the Inspector, who said that, in counting the houses in the sweeper's gully, he had made a "bona fide" mistake, and he prayed that the High Court might be moved to set aside the conviction, and to cancel the fine. On the same day the Magistrate made a report to the High Court, and requested the Judges of the Appellate Court to quash the proceedings, and set aside the sentence. On the same day, Messrs. Kanga and Patel wrote to the Judicial Clerk to the Third Presidency Magistrate, stating that their client had not consented to the proposed procedure; and he reserved his right to take such steps, as he might be advised, against the parties concerned. The accused filed affidavits in the High Court making allegations against the good faith of the Municipal authorities and the Magistrate. Their Lordships passed the following order:—"The accused having appeared in person, and moved this Court to quash the conviction we pass the following order. It is clear from the report of the Third Presidency Magistrate that the accused was taken by surprise by the nature of the evidence given for the prosecution, that evidence being the result of an unfortunate mistake of the Sanitary Inspector. If the accused had been allowed an adjournment to adduce his evidence, this mistake would have been at once discovered. He has been seriously prejudiced and there has been, as the Magistrate reports, a miscarriage of justice. It would be useless to order further proceedings. We set aside the conviction and the sentence, and direct that the fine, if paid, be returned."

A DISHONEST PUBLIC OFFICER.

SENTENCE CONFIRMED BY HIGH COURT.

THE Hon. Mr. Justice Russell and the Hon. Mr Justice Batty, presiding at the Bombay High Court have disposed of an appeal in a case against Savlyaram Bhikaji Karve, a Kulkarni or revenue officer who was convicted by Mr. C. A. Kincaid, Sessions Judge of Poona, in June last, of criminal breach of trust as a public servant, and was sentenced to two years

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NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications intended for publication in our columns must be addressed to THE EDITOR and not to any individual member of the staff.

The Bombay Gazette

FRIDAY, JULY 21, 1905.

LORD CURZON ON THE CARPET.

THE telegraph must surely have played pranks with the summarised version of the Viceroy's speech that Sir Henry Fowler, an ex-Secretary of State for India, has deemed it necessary to denounce it in the Commons. Severe, if not offensive, he considers his Excellency's criticism; his speech as extraordinary. Mr. Brodrick too seems to have been indignant, for he informed the House that he had cabled for the text of Lord Curzon's remarks and hoped to be able to make some statement concerning it early next week. Reuter says the question and answer have caused a sensation in the House. If it be not that a very inaccurate version has reached England, the House must be very easily excited just now. True, it would have been more consistent with discipline if the orders of the Secretary of State, issued with the full approval of his Council, had been accepted and acted upon without hesitation. And it was not at all necessary to make long speeches concerning the details of the Secretary of State's despatch or the minor alterations, which the Secretary of State agreed to as they "did not contravene the provisions" of his despatch and as "some of them were in exact fulfilment of the wishes and intentions therein conveyed." His Excellency considered it necessary to express a doubt whether the system thus modified will be in any way superior to that with which we have hitherto been familiar, or, whether it will possess any permanent vitality. The future alone will show, said he, and, he added, "we have seen so many schemes of military organisation rise and fall in recent years that prophecy is dangerous. The new scheme is not of our creation. All that we have been in a position to do is to effect the removal of some of its most apparent anomalies and to place its various parts in more scientific relation to each other." There is no mock modesty about the claim. It may, perhaps, be held that statements, such as this, are calculated to destroy the confidence of the Indian people in the Secretary of State and his Council. There is perhaps a suspicion of the spirit of mutiny in this passage:—"We hold that it would be incompatible with the proper conduct of Indian government, if the full degree of intelligent and informed control over military matters, consigned to the Governor-General in Council by the law, were to be weakened. No one who has been responsible for the government, as long as I have, can be blind to the importance of this consideration, and that Governor-General would, in my judgment, be untrue to his office, who did not regard it as his bounden duty to sustain the prerogative which was conceded to the Government of India as far back as three-quarters of a century ago." It was not quite correct to say that every phase of the recent discussion has been followed with absorbing interest by the Indian people, for outside Simla, where it relieved the monotony of hill station existence, people regarded it as rather an undignified display of feeling on the part of those from whom it did not expect anything of the sort. Tuesday's speech did not appear to us extraordinary in any way except than it was somewhat more loosely constructed than his Excellency's speeches generally are, and that it was more colourless than the Viceroy is accustomed to deliver. When the full text reaches the Secretary of State, we are inclined to think, he will find little to object to, except perhaps his Excellency's contempt for the principle which condemns a servant of his Majesty's Government publicly criticising the orders he ought implicitly to obey.

RIFLE CLUBS IN ENGLAND.

LORD ROBERTS recently issued an appeal for a hundred thousand pounds to further the Rifle Club movement on the ground that it is of the first necessity that all young Britons should know how to handle a rifle in case of need. These clubs were the outcome of the Boer War, their promoters believing that partly inspired by patriotism and partly by love of sport, young men would join them and spend their Saturday afternoons learning how to hold a rifle so as to be uncomfortable of approach to the enemies of their country. At first the movement took hold of the public, but interest has flagged, and now it is necessary that some such assistance as Lord Roberts suggests is necessary if the clubs—or most of them—are to survive. With a view to ascertain the causes of the declining interest in Rifle Clubs, the "Standard" addressed a circular letter of enquiry to the Secretaries of all known Clubs, and the answers show the feeling to be that Government has cold-shouldered the movement, the Volunteers have proved jealous of it, landowners have been chary about granting ranges and last, but far from least, the members of the Clubs have found rifle-shooting at fixed marks both expensive and uninteresting. It was the revelation of a civilian army of marksmen in the South African Republics which created the desire for equal skill in the use of arms of precision, but whereas the Boer learnt to shoot that he might not hunger, our young men had to deny themselves other diversions in order to study the use of the rifle. In the days of archery, Mayors of Boroughs were empowered to prohibit the playing of football that the long-bow and the arrow might not be neglected. Such measures cannot be adopted in these days, but others equally effectual can, and there is reason to believe that, if the right lines can be found, the Rifle Club movement may, indeed, become national in the truest sense. At present the Clubs complain of the difficulty of obtaining ranges, difficulty and expense of access thereto, inadequacy of the supply of rifles and inaccuracy in those supplied, cost and inferiority of ammunition and lack of interest on the part of the public in the doings of the Clubs.

With regard to the range difficulty, it is found that when all or a great part of the members are also yeomen or volunteers, no difficulty arises. But when the club is purely civilian, Volunteer officers decline to permit them to use the ranges. This may seem reprehensible at first sight, but, say they, if men can get the fun of shooting without the labour of drill, recruiting will suffer and capitation grants fall off. One Club had quite a different experience. It got both members and ground for a range, but the range was closed as it was considered dangerous to those who play golf in the vicinity. Then rifles have to be paid for and so has ammunition—to Government at higher rates than the Clubs could obtain it from the manufacturers. On this point one of the Club Secretaries observes: "Patriotism exists, but not to this extent." It is protested that the expense involved is not nearly so great as is that in football or cricket, but that is scarcely an answer since Government insists on their own more expensive ammunition being used, even though it be true that men for amusement will pay sums which they allege to be prohibitive for the performance of a national duty. There are those who hold that the nation should pay, but they forget that every man owes a duty to his country and that every sportsman pays for his sport. In some Clubs it is found that the tendency is to produce a limited number of good shots rather than to carry out Lord Roberts's ideal of teaching every man to shoot. All the Clubs cry out for instructors, and these the State might well supply. Analysing the answers of the various Secretaries, the "Standard" takes two to which it draws special attention. He of Bushey writes: "I am convinced that the only way of accomplishing Lord Roberts's desire that all civilian adults should learn how to handle a rifle is to make it compulsory for every boy at school to learn to shoot. It is the duty of Government to take the whole matter in hand and to provide ranges and instructors." The Secretary of the Ware Club says: "We think that if Government gave us rifles free of cost and also compelled every male of over sixteen years to learn to shoot with the rifle and to pass a certain standard of proficiency, the Rifle Clubs could maintain themselves, as here we get great help from the gentry!"

Dovetailing national duty and pastime together, the conclusion arrived it is that the Government should in every district provide range accommodation and conveyance thereto, an instructor, and suitable rifles and ammunition, and should also make it compulsory on every male, from the age of eleven onwards, to undergo a course of instruction in rifle shooting each year, the course to be continued until he reaches the age of sixteen years, and further until he obtains a certificate of proficiency, unless some physical defect operates in bar thereof. The teaching of the young idea how too shoot, it is urged, might well be made a "delightful task," fraught with useful lessons in discipline and with healthy exercise. It need not be extremely costly, and it certainly would not, conducted on careful lines, be unpopular, save among a certain class, more noisy than numerous, who see "militarism" in every suggestion for defence. Here the active duty of Government ends, the rest is passive. Ranges, miniature and full, will have to be established in greater numbers than exist at present; the stock of rifles available for civilians will have to be increased; and instructors will be about at negotiable distances. The best of the suggestions put forth by the Club Secretaries are thus summarised:—(1) Rifle shooting must be taught compulsorily as an essential part of the national system of education. (2) The skill acquired under compulsory teaching will be best maintained by Rifle Clubs supported by voluntary subscriptions, as cricket and football clubs, and conducted on such a system that shooting becomes a real amusement comparable with games, Government affording every possible facility but the direct financial support. Then shooting at fixed targets must be abandoned. Lord Roberts has laid stress on the necessity for joint and accurate snap-shooting at short ranges and it is but fair to say that, undoubtedly, one of the factors which militate against public support being extended to rifle clubs is the profound disbelief which many people have in the idea that an undrilled, undisciplined body of men, ignorant even of how to change front and incapable of attempting a counter-attack or executing an orderly retirement, could effectively defend the country. The inevitable conclusion, arrived at by a specialist who dealt with the answers to the series of questions put to Secretaries by our contemporary, is that Rifle Clubs will best fulfil their object, and deserve public support, if they turn the youth of the country, by means of a pleasant pastime, into good rough material out of which good soldiers can be made in time of emergency. That is the idea with which they were founded and that which must always be kept in view.

ENGLISH TRADE AND SIBERIA.

SIBERIA to the average mind suggests an immense barren country, a tract of land useless for any purpose save that by which the Russian authorities have made it so well known, the home of convicts. The name calls up a picture of everlasting snow and cold, and utter uselessness from a commercial point of view, and yet, if we are to believe Mr. H. Cooke, the Special Commissioner of the Intelligence Committee of the Board of Trade, this impression is quite wrong. In 1903, Mr. Cooke was sent to Siberia to report on the present position and future prospects of trade in Siberia with special reference to openings for British enterprise. The war has, of course, made the country far different from what it was two years ago, but it is only reasonable to suppose that the termination of the war will see a great boom in trade of all kinds, and it would be well for those looking for pastures new to study the possibilities of trade in that region. We owe much of our knowledge of the immense natural wealth of the country to the construction of the Trans-Siberian Railway. As a farming area it is equal to some of the finest in the world, but though a large part of the produce is taken by England, there is scarcely any reciprocal trade. The most valuable of the exports is butter for which England alone pays from twenty-five to thirty million roubles every year, so providing the funds to enable the peasants to provide themselves with the necessary modern implements of agriculture, yet almost the whole of the dairy appliances are bought from Sweden and Denmark and the heavier agricultural machinery from the United States. This is a point well worthy of note. The supply of produce to America is much less than it is to England, and it can only be assumed that the past lack of trade in English machinery of all kinds is due to want of enterprise. Year by year the use of machinery assumes more considerable proportions, and the future must see an even greater increase when tributaries to the trunk railway are constructed so as to give a greater area for easy and successful cultivation. Turning to another side Mr. Cooke found that Germany is monopolising the importation of general machinery for mining and similar industries. This again points to lack of initiative on the part of English manufacturers, and if a trade with the country is to be built up, there must be no delay in making a start. The first in the field naturally have the advantage, and England will find that, already, there will be the greatest difficulty in cutting out rivals who have arrived earlier. The fact, however, remains that Siberia is to be one of the great producing countries of the world, and it would be criminal folly to neglect to step in to take a part of the profits, which are due in return for the money annually invested in the country by the purchase of its produce. It is well known that the conditions under which the Russian peasant and small farmer have existed preclude great enterprise, and to gain a place in the race of commerce, England must remember that the successful salesman is not the man who waits for purchasers, but the man who brings his wares prominently before his public. If this rule be followed out, there is no reason why England, as the greatest buyer, should not become also the greatest seller.

THE P. and O. Company's s. s. Victoria with the outward mails of the 14th instant, left Suez at 2 a.m. on July 20.

THE P. and O. Company's s.s. Peninsular with the homeward mails of the 15th instant, arrived Aden at 1-30 p.m. on July 20.

DURING the Royal visit to Lahore a grand ball will be given by the Punjab Government on the 30th November.

TRAINS are now running regularly on the Quetta-Nushki Railway. Through traffic at this time of the year is small.

THE Government of India have decided that the cost of disinfection of stables of cavalry regiments after an epidemic of infectious disease amongst the horses should be borne by the State.

THE draft general rules for the working of railways have been revised by Mr. Wigley from a legal point of view, and will now be considered and passed by the Railway Conference.

BRIGADIER-GENERAL BEATSON is being accompanied by Major H. D. Watson, 2nd Prince of Wales's Own Gurkha Rifles, during his tour in connection with preparations for the Rodal visit.

IT is intended to keep regular troops on the Samana beyond Kohat—a wise decision, as the position is too important to be held by Militia or police.

IT is understood that the Kashmir Durbar have accepted Major Joly de Lotbiniere's scheme for developing electric power in the valley. The necessary funds for an installation will be provided forthwith.

THE term of office of the Hon. Mr. E. Cable as an Additional Member of the Viceregal Council having expired, the recommendation of the Bengal Chamber of Commerce, in respect of the vacancy thereby caused, has to be submitted to his Excellency the Governor-General.

NINETEEN new meteorological observatories were opened by the Bengal Meteorological Department, during the official year 1904-05, the selected stations being either tea-gardens in Darjeeling [redacted] Dooars and in Assam and int[redacted]

THE Secretary [redacted] of new rules for admi[redacted] trans-port Corps, and it h[redacted] with not less than thre[redacted] years' service will be eligible for [redacted]. The rules are issued as to their grading in the list, having regard to their length of service.

THE Brigade of the Kashmir Imperial Service Troops at Srinagar has been inspected by his Highness the Maharaja and proceeds this week to Gilgit in relief of the First Brigade, who march to Jammu in time for the ceremonies in connection with the visit of Their Royal Highnesses the Prince and Princess of Wales.

THE total number of deaths registered in Bombay, during the week ending July 18th was 535, giving a death-rate of 33·10 per annum per thousand as against 38·12, the corresponding period of last year, and 47·35 the average over the past five years. Of the total number 47 died from fevers; 52, plague; 9, measles; 1, cholera; 3, leprosi; 40, phthisis; 22, diseases of the nervous system; 116, affections of the respiratory organs; 34, diarrhœa; 9, dysentery; 41, still-born; 79, old age and debility; 10, accidents and violence. The classified list of deaths shows:—Jain, 19; Brahmin, 11; Lingaet, 5; Bhattia, 7; Hindu of other caste, 227, Hindu low caste, 62, Musalman, 117, Parsee, 20, Jew, 4, Native Christian, 17, Eurasian, 2; and European, 3. The total number of births was 333 as against 344, the corresponding period of last year, and 295 the average over the past five years.

AT the forty-second meeting of the Southern Mahratta Railway Co., Ltd., presided over by Col. Sir Wm. S. S. Bisset. R. E, K. C. I. F., at Queen Annes Gate, Westminster on June 21, a dividend of 2 1/2 per cent was declared. The Company's share of the net earnings was Rs. 2,62,260 or Rs. 18,260 more than the estimate. The half year's figures showed that the year's receipts were Rs. 46·81 lakhs as against Rs. 44·47 lakhs in the same period of 1903. The total expenses amounted to Rs. 35·81 lakhs as compared with 29·44 lakhs, the increase being due to increased expenditure of about four lakhs on maintenance and renewals of permanent way and about two lakhs in the locomotive, and carriage, and waggon department. The revenue fund stands higher by £2,276-8-9d. than it did last year. A special vote of thanks was passed to the servants of the Company in India.

VARIOUS VOLUMES.

A PRACTICAL MANUAL OF ENGLISH by N. G Velinkar (Srinivasa, Varadachari and Company Madras). This book is intended to promote the correct acquisition of the English language, in three ways, by the study of its Grammar, its Etymology and its Diction. The first part is supposed to help the student in understanding and applying the rules of grammar he has already learned, to in fact clear up the doubts and difficulties that beset the utilisation of the complex rules that regulate English. Part II deals with words, and aims at interesting the pupil in the study of words and their derivations, a process that will enable him to have at command a large vocabulary, so indispensable in the work of composition. The third part enlarges on the difficulties and necessities of literary expression. The writer treats of idioms and shows the importance of clearly comprehending their application, warning pupils of the impossibility of picking up sufficient knowledge thereanent from any handbook of idioms: a careful study of the best modern prose is a workable method of gaining familiarity with current idioms. A systematic inculcation of composition has not been attempted here, though its fundamental principles are enunciated and illustrated. Numerous exercises are given and samples of different Examination papers, set by the various examining bodies, supply methods of testing the pupils' work. Mr. Velinkar has had a long experience of the special needs of Indian students in learning English and has in this volume endeavoured to meet the recurring difficulties.

VETERINARY PATHOLOGY Vol II by Friedberger and Frohner translated by M H Hayes, F R C V S, and edited by John Dunstan M R C V S (Hurst and Blackett Ld). Captain Hayes, who wrote so much on veterinary and equine subjects, recognised in Friedberger's and Frohner's valuable work one that would fill a gap in English veterinary science and treatment, and he bought the right to translate it. He adopted the plan of dividing it into two volumes, the first of which "Infective Diseases of Animals" ran into two large editions before the translator died. This second quarto volume, now issued, Captain Hayes was at work upon at the time of his death and Mr Dunstan undertook the completion of it. It treats of, "The Non-infective Diseases of Animals" in continuation of the method employed by Captain Hayes in the first volume. It deals in twenty-six comprehensive chapters with all the ills that animals are subject to, beginning with those of the organs of digestion and describing all other abnormalities from a healthy condition elaborately. The diseases are classified under the heads of occurrence, etiology, symptoms and therapeutics, the notes and directions in regard to each being admirably clear and detailed. A complete index at the end of the book renders reference to the multitudinous complaints easy. The book should be in the hands of every owner of animals of any species, for its scientific and exhaustive diagnosis of their diseases and hints for the preservation of their health are invaluable.

KRISHNA, the great Initiate of the East, by Edouard Schure, translated by F. Rothwell B. A., (D. B. Taraporevala, Sons and Co.) This is a very well told version of the legend of Krishna, called from the many sacred writings in which that deity figures, his different appearances are combined in an organic whole, and then reset, as M. Schure says, in the perspective of history. The result is a pleasing, succinct and suggestive study of a character whom many consider a mythical hero, but who to his worshippers is a god, and to philosophers a remarkable reformer. M. Edouard Schure aims at bringing the teacher Krishna into harmony with the great founders of all other religions and shows how the pursuit of perfection was common to them all and that Krishna created what is best in Brahmanism.

"Considering," he says "the dominant role of Krishna as a personage in epic and religious tradition, his human side on the one hand, and on the other his constant identification with God in manifestation, or Vishnu, we are compelled to believe that he was the creator of the Vishnovite cult, which gave Brahmanism the virtue and prestige to which it attained. Accordingly, it is logical to admit that in the midst of the religious and social chaos created in primitive India by the invasion of naturalistic and passional cults, there appeared a luminous reformer who removed the pure Aryan doctrine by the idea of the trinity and the manifested divine word, set the seal to his work by the sacrifice of his life and thus gave to India its religious soul, a national mould, and a definite organisation."

This idea may be got by going deep into the meaning of the Krishna-cult, but to the ordinary observer of present day Hinduism these greater ideas seem to have made way for the lesser and we have a very ordinary Krishna surrounded by superstitions The "Vishnow-Pourana" and the "Bhagavad-Gita" are the two sources, whence M. Schure draws the story of Krishna, the former supplying the popular tradition on the subject, the latter the tradition of the initiates. The legend, he believes, sums up and dramatises the whole Brahmanical doctrine, the victory of spiritual over temporal power, of anchorite over king, and as such he looks on it as of supreme importance in the study of the religions of India. Mr. Rothwell has done his part well as translator. The price of the book is one rupee.

VEGETARIAN VERSUS MEAT DIET, a lecture by D D. Jussawalla (Cherag Printing Press). This is a compilation from different sources of the best that can be said for a vegetarian diet and a comparison of its effect with those popularly supposed to be the consequences of flesh eating. Though coming, we believe, from a theosophical source, it is impressed on the reader that every member of that Society is free to reject any view expressed in the lecture. Naturally the non-vegetarian goes at once to the chapter on "How to Begin" for enlightenment, and we find that it is easier to break oneself into the rigors of a vegetarian diet in early youth than when the age of thirty is reached. First we are advised to read standard works on the subject and assimilate all the sense in them that is applicable to our case and to seek the advice of experienced vegetarians. Once our minds are made up to try the new diet, the quantity of meat is to be gradually reduced and, by two months' time, left off altogether substituting vegetables cooked with meat. Then in another month this subterfuge may be discarded. The use of fish may be continued but that may be left off soon and a farinaceous diet adopted of a well balanced nature, supplying flesh and fat formers and salts to the system; milk and all its products, eggs, nuts, vegetables, and so on are allowed. If these foods be properly prepared the vegetarian is told that he will feel infinitely better, and, if he does not get rid of all the ills that flesh is heir to, he will at least not increase them by overeating and indulgence in heating food.

THE SECRET PASSAGE by Fergus Hume (John Long). This exciting murder story is spun with an endless number of strands, but they maintain the reader's interest nevertheless. The murder is discovered by the new parlour-maid of Rose Cottage, whose mistress, Miss Loach, is found stabbed to the heart in her sitting-room after entertaining a party of friends at cards. Her guests had departed and no sign of the murderer could be found on the spot or in the neighbourhood. There was plenty of mystery surrounding the cottage, and the visitors to Miss Loach were closely watched to gain some clue, but for a long time in vain. Old incidents and crimes are brought to light in the effort to solve the horrible problem. More than one innocent person is suspected, and for a long time, even the omniscient reader is at fault. Of course, the clever detective was at work, though failing utterly to detect until the unconsidered weakling intervened. She found a way to the centre of the maze and her discovery helped to unearth a nefarious gang, among whom, strange to say, was not the murderer. While pursuing this difficult road, Fergus Hume entertains his readers thoroughly. Necessarily the people concerned are very far from being ordinary models, but murders, as a rule, do not occur among commonplace people. This divergence from the normal helps to make the story exciting.

In FROM GRAVE TO GAY, by Chesney Cook (The Pioneer Press.) We have a set of amusing papers on various social incidents in different quarters of the world, with some verses of a comic or cynical nature. Some of these have appeared before in journals. "The Sorrows of a C. M." is an excellent skit, as is "X-Rays X-Pense and X-Revence" and many of the others.

ROZHDESTVENSKY'S REPORT.

THE BALTIC FLEET SEQUEL.

WHY THE BATTLE WAS LOST.

Administrative Corruption.

MUTINIES IN PEACE AND WAR.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JULY 20.

A telegram from St. Petersburg published in the Paris paper "La Liberte" says that the Emperor has received Admiral Rozhdestvensky's report, which is dated 10th July, in which he ascribes the defeat of his fleet to the defects in the guns, the ammunition and the ships, due to administrative corruption, and mutinous and incompetent crews. He states that a mutiny broke out at Madagascar, again off Formosa, and finally during the battle when the crews of the Seniavin and Aproxin refused to fight and part of the other crews followed their example.

THE JAPANESE IN SAKHALIN.

DESPERATE RUSSIAN PLIGHT.

LONDON, JULY 19.

Reuter (Tokio) says that after a series of defeats the Russians in Sakhalin are making a stand at Mank. The topography of the country prevents a further retreat north and the shortness of supplies will probably oblige the Russians soon to surrender.

THE PEACE CONFERENCE.

Japanese Plenipotentiaries.

M. DE WITTE STARTS.

LONDON, JULY 20.

The "Minnesota" with the Japanese Plenipotentiaries on board was sighted to-day off the American coast.

M. de Witte has left St. Petersburg for Paris en route for Washington.

THE ZEMSTVO MOSCOW CONGRESS.

M. Buliguines' Scheme.

USELESS POLICE ACTION.

LONDON, JULY 19.

The Great Zemstvo Congress began at Moscow to-day. The police are not interfering.

LONDON, JULY 20.

Reuter wires from Moscow that the police ordered the Moscow Congress to break up and on the refusal of the delegates to do so they took down all their names.

The Congress has resolved that the scheme of M. Buliguines for a National Assembly so far as is known is totally inadequate, but they have decided to participate therein, even if it is not improved, with a view to securing further concessions.

ANOTHER RUSSIAN OUTRAGE.

A Deputy Governor-General Bombed.

The Deputy Governor-General of Finland has been wounded by a bomb which was thrown as he was leaving the Senate.

The man who threw the bomb has escaped.

THE MOROCCO QUESTION.

The Powers Co-operate.

LONDON, JULY 19.

Reuter, wiring from Fez on the 16th instant, says that the French, British and Spanish Ministers at Fez are now co-operating with a view to obtaining the Sultan's approval of the Conference.

M. Taillandier and Count Tattenbach have exchanged visits and the personal relations between the two missions are now not strained.

SIR ANTONY MCDONNELL.

Improving.

Sir Antony Mcdonnell is gaining strength.

CRICKET IN ENGLAND.

LONDON, JULY 19.

The Players have beaten the Gentlemen by 128 runs.

The following matches were drawn:—Scotland vs. Australians, Kent vs. Worcester, Sussex vs. Lancashire.

The following is the County Championship table up-to-date:—

	P	W	L	D	Pts	Pcentage
Lancashire	16	9	1	6	8	80·00
Surrey	14	9	2	3	7	63·63
Yorkshire	17	11	3	3	8	57·28
Sussex	17	7	2	8	5	55·55
Notts	12	5	3	4	2	25·00
Middlesex	7	4	3	0	1	14·28
Leicestershire	13	4	3	6	1	14·28
Gloucestershire	9	4	4	1	0	00·00
Kent	10	4	5	1	−1	−11·11
Northamptonshire	7	2	3	2	−1	−20·00
Warwickshire	12	1	3	8	−2	−50·00
Essex	10	2	7	1	−5	−55·55
Worcestershire	11	1	5	5	−4	−66·66
Hampshire	11	1	6	4	−5	−71·42
Somerset	11	1	7	3	−6	−75·00
Derbyshire	11	1	9	1	−8	−80·00

THE SPEECH OF LORD CURZON.

PRESS COMMENTS.

The Cabled Version,

SENSATION IN THE HOUSE.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JULY 19.

Sir Henry Fowler's question in the House of Commons, and Mr. Brodrick's answer has caused a sensation in the Commons and the bearing of Lord Curzon's speech is much discussed in the Lobbies.

LONDON, JULY 20.

The papers this morning generally endorse Sir Henry Fowler's description of Lord Curzon's speech to which he called attention in the House of Commons yesterday, as being "extraordinary."

The "Standard" says that there is no doubt that the Viceroy has committed a serious indiscretion by an undignified demonstration.

The "Standard" adds that it should sincerely regret any circumstances leading to his resignation of office which he has held with conspicuous honour and distinction, but none of his friends would desire him to retain the post after finding himself not in accord with a policy which he expected to carry out and, judging from his speech, this is now the case.

The "Daily Chronicle" says that whether lost or won Lord Curzon will show himself neither a good loser nor a good winner.

["Mems about Members" writes:—Sir Henry Hartley Fowler's is a "lost mind." That is to say, though a Radical, he is an Englishman and proud to behave as such; wherefore he is banned by the friends of every country but their own, with an excommunication only less than that reserved for Lord Rosebery. His sturdy, outspoken Imperialism has put him hopelessly outside the pale of toleration, upon which he is to be congratulated. Like Mr. Chamberlain, he qualified for Imperial and Imperialist politics as a municipal Radical, having been chairman of the Wolverhampton School Board and Mayor of the same town. He was born at Sunderland, is the son of a Wesleyan minister, and was educated at St. Saviour's Grammar School, Southwark. He was admitted a solicitor when twenty-two, and has practised for many years in Wolverhampton. He was first returned for that town in 1880. Towards the close of the 1880 Gladstone Administration he was Under-Secretary at the Home Office, and in 1886 Financial Secretary to the Treasury. Made President of the Local Government Board, he had the glory of carrying through the one important measure which his Government passed—the Parish Councils Bill. In the opinion of many people, however, his best claim to respect lay in his conduct of the India Office, whither he was shifted on Mr. Gladstone's retirement. He never spoke without being thorough master of his subject, and though it was often complicated, he made it clear. He set his face as like a flint as he could make it against the little gang who delight to belittle the Englishmen in India for the benefit of the Bengali Babu. The force with which he rebutted slanders on our Indian administrations was a new feature in his oratory. As a rule he suffers from rather a heavy and irritating form of the disease known as "House of Commons manner," and he used to be suspected of shaping it on the model of of the late Mr. Gladstone. Sir Henry Fowler has an excellent head for figures, as well as the power of explaining them lucidly. "He is the only Methodist," his co-religionists proudly relate, "who has ever been made a Privy Councillor." and at present appears like to remain so, the competition of Mr. Perks, even in these Imperialist days, not being formidable. As senior partner in the firm of Fowler, Perks, Hopkinson & Co. he is a very astute and hard-headed man of business, and knows the value of a good connection as well as any man.]

[The following is the version of the speech wired home by Reuter. Other summaries were doubless also cabled:—"Viceroy Council to-day explained agreement said conclusion impressive speech whether system thus modified will be in any way superior that which we hitherto been familiar or whether it will posses any permanent vitality futnre alone will show. We seen so many schemes military organisation rise fall recent years that prophecy is dangerous. New scheme is not of our creation. All we have been in position to do is to effect removal some its most apparent anomalies and place its various parts in more scientific relation each other. We have converted position Military Supply Member into one greater efficacy utility. Have very considerably strengthened guarantees for civil supervision control. In last resort I expect new system like old will depend in main upon personal equation for its success or failure. It only necessary add upon wider aspect case sole object which my colleagues myself had view since commencement present discussion been maintenance constitutional authority Government India. Individual views susceptibilities are of minor importance. We hold it would be incompatible with proper conduct Indian Government if full degree intelligent informed control over military matters conceded to Governor-General by law were to be weakened. No one who been responsible for Government long as I have can be blind importance this consideration and that Governor-General would in my judgment be untrue his office who did not regard it his bounden duty sustain prerogative which conceded to Government India three-quarters century ago."]

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

THE ALIENS BILL.

Read a Third Time.

LONDON, JULY 20.

The Aliens Exclusion Bill has been read a third time in the House of Commons.

CALCUTTA CORPORATION SOLICITOR.

A NATIVE FIRST TO HOLD THE OFFICE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 20.

At a special meeting of the Calcutta Corporation held yesterday, the newly-created office of solicitor to the Corporation was filled up by the election of Babu Manilal Sen.

The post, which carries a salary of Rs. 1,250 per mensem, attracted seventeen candidates of whom, however, only five received any support.

MOCK MOURNING.

ON THE BENGAL PARTITION SCHEME.

The "Bengalee" appears in a deep black border this morning, which, it explains, is due to the Government of India's resolution on the Bengal partition scheme.

ATTEMPT TO MURDER A BOY.

ACCUSED CONVICTED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, JULY 20.

Shanker Ramprasad was charged before Mr Kincaid, Sessions Judge, for throwing a boy into a well. The facts of the case are that Vithal Nathuram, a boy of about twelve years, was taken by the accused to the temple of the goddess Kadgai near Guttakdi on the evening of 29th May last, and there administered some drug to the boy and demanded his ornaments. On the boy refusing, the accused snatched forcibly two of his ornaments and tried to take off the rest, He took the boy to a well and made him sit on the plank used for drawing water and threw him into the well. The boy fell down on his lega and remained in the water till eleven the next morning. About that time a boy hearing a noise in the well called about for help. The boy in the well was taken out by means of a dhotur and made over to his father. The accused made a confession before the Mamlatdar who committed him to the Sessions. The case was heard for the last two days. The accused was convicted and sentenced by the Sessions Judge for nine years.

THE COMING MADRAS REGATTA.

POONA, CALCUTTA AND MADRAS TO COMPETE.

A meeting of the members of the Royal Connaught Boat Club was held recently, and it was decided to send a crew from the Club to compete in the forthcoming Regatta at Madras, which is to take place there on the 12th and the 14th of August next. The crew is to row in an Inter-Club Champion race. Calcutta is also sending a crew there. As present three have entered, namely Calcutta, Madras and Poona, The following gentlemen have been selected. Captain Dorgan R. A. M. C. (cox); Lieutenant Colonel Hale R. A, M. C., Lieutenant Squires R. E. and Captain Boileau (stroke.) Mr. Cann will steer the crew. The whole crew is full of life. They are already well together.

POONA FOX HOUNDS.

The meet this morning at the Royal Artillery mess was by far the largest on record. Over one hundred and fifty, inclusive of many ladies, were present. The group being photographed, the hounds were taken to the Nullahs. No Jack was found. Near the Botanical Gardens one or two were seen distinctly running out. A good run was made by the hounds for a short distance, but they got puzzled being held over to fields. The scent suddenly improved and the pace was excellent to Pashan coverts where jack was chopped after presenting brush to R. A. Sergt-Major. The Master continued to draw the Pashan coverts and soon a fine jack was viewed sneaking away after crossing the brook back where the previous one had been killed. He broke through all the field with the hounds at his brush. The hounds ran with great determination over the hills. But none could say what became of the jack. A couple of hounds recovered by the smartness of a young Gunner officer within view of Lake Fife. Three others probably ran to the sugar field, where they remained. The hounds returned home at three in the afternoon. It was one of the best days we have ever had.

AN OFFICER'S DEAD BODY IN A RIVER.

SIMLA, JULY 20.

The body of a European, believed to be Lieutenant Garsia of Durham Light Infantry, has been found in the Sind river at Gandarbal and sent to Srinagar for identification and interment.

PLAGUE IN INDIA.

DYING OUT.

Plague has now almost disappeared. There were only 1,567 deaths from it last week in the whole of India, the Patiala State reporting 776, the rest of the Punjab 180, Burma 162, Mysore 54, Hyderabad State 27, the United Provinces 8, Bengal 24, Madras presidency 16, and Bombay presidency 323; while all the rest of the country was free.

CRICKET IN POONA.

POONA, JULY 20.

A cricket match Poona versus Kirkee was played on the Gymkhana ground. Time having been left Kirkee went in for the second innings and made 80 for two wickets down. The match will be continued to-morrow. The following are the scores:—

POONA GYMKHANA.

1st Innings.

Major Rawlins, c and b Winterbottom	23
Major Carnegy, b Ling	8
Lieut. Airey, c Ling, b Winterbottom	2
Capt. Clarke, c Palmer, b Leslie	26
Capt. Rutter, c Palmer, b Ling	11
Lieut. Heath, c and b Ling	85
Mr. O'Learey, c Ting, b Winterbottom	41
Colonel Mosse, c Winterbottom, b Palmer	5
Colonel Stevens, c Leslie, b Ling	18
Capt. Umfreville, b Winterbottom	0
Lieut. Reymond, not out	0
Extras	7
Total	236

KIRKEE.

1st Innings.

Lieut. Palmer, c Heath, b Lieut. Ling	13
Coporal Beckhan, b Stevens	4
Lieut. Twiss, c Heath, b Ling	0
Major Leslie, c and b Stevens	0
Bombardier Winterbottom, c Rawlins, b Airey	1
Lieut. Ling, Carnegy, b Stevens	3
Lieut. Lyon, b Clarke	33
Lieut. Davies, c Airey, b Stevens	0
Lieut. Bennett, c O'Learey, b Airey	4
Lieut. Twiss, c O'Learey, b Reynard	9
Colonel Russell, not out	0
Extras	15
Total	89

Second Innings.

Lieut. Palmer, b Clarke	9
Col. Russell c Heath, b Clarke	8
Mr. Plumer, not out	31
Mr Leslie, not out	26
Extras	6
Total	80

THE French Academy has awarded a prize of 12,000 francs to Mr. G. A. Grierson, C. I. E., for his work, "The Linguistic Survey of India and the Languages of India."

IT is curious to notice, says the "Civil and Military Gazette" that Holland and Belgium take the greater part of the unmanufactured tobacco exported from India. Holland last year received from India well over two million pounds of the fragrant weed. One wonders if any of this comes back to India in the form of "Dutch Havana" cigars for the delectation of those who "cannot smoke Indian cheroots."

MUTABILITY.

Dewy morn in silver wakens,
Budding flower and leaflet rare;
Till the glorious sun comes breathing
Living warmth into the air.
Soon the sombre shades shall gather,
Clothing earth in sleep profound;
Hushing all the works of daylight
Into midnight's solemn sound,

Tender green of spring-time calling,
Bidding worlds revive again.
Glowing summer bursts in splendour,
Kissing valley, hill, and plain.
Autumn's red and golden colors
From each dale and coppice glow,
Till the ruthless hand of winter
Covers all with ermine snow.

On the hills the mist is gathering,
Rain within the valleys fall,
For the storm comes fast and thicker,
Wrapping earth as in a pall.
Fiercely wails the wind in rushes;
Ah! the thunder breaks o'erhead;
Flashing fires strike the oak tree,—
Monarch of the woods lies dead.

Maiden heart, so young and earnest,
Full of hopeful promise true,
Feels the joys of life quick pulsing
With faint longings strangely new.
Time will make that heart grow weary;
Youthful ardours all shall cease;
Age shall calm it into waiting
For the messenger of peace.

Listen to the sweet words whispered;
Tremble, heart that bounds so free.
Give the gift you give full freely
With your pledge of constancy.
Let the sacred vow be uttered:
Bind the honor round with gold;
Yet the vow shall snap asunder,
Worthless, honorless and cold.

Mingle nation's tears of sorrow
O'er the body of the brave;
Leave the hand of love to shower
Tokens on the lost one's grave;
When the first fresh grief is over
Calmness veils the sadden'd past;
Rise, O! nations, take your hero,
Name him, claim him, yours at last.

Nothing in the world is lasting,
Time brings sorrow and decay;
What was ours, is not, and never
Can we call it ours to-day.
In a future——all unearthly
Dreaming souls may faintly see
Time and change——dear love's destroyers
Swept away eternally,

MECO.

BOMBAY SERVICES.

Mr. J. C. Gloster, Barrister-at-Law, I.C.S., Judge and Sessions Judge, Broach, is granted furlough on medical certificate for one month with effect from the date of relief.

Mr. M. Webb, I. C. S, Assistant Collector in the district of Dharwar, is appointed to be a Magistrate of the Third Class in that district.

Mr. R. E. Gibson, I. C. S, Assistant Collector, Sukkur, is allowed with effect from 6th July, privilege leave for two months and twenty-three days in combination with leave on urgent private affairs for such period as may bring the combined period of absence up to six months.

Colonel J. P. Greany, M. D., I. M. S., is confirmed in the appointment of Surgeon-General with the Government of Bombay, vice Surgeon General W. McConaghy, M. D., I. M. S.

The services of Col. J. McCloghry, F.R.C.S. (I.), I. M. S., are placed permanently at the disposal of the Government of India.

Mr. E. E. Coombs, Superintendent, Government Central Press, is allowed privilege leave for three months from the 12th August.

Lieutenant F. P. Mackie, M.B., F.R.C.S., I.M.S., has been appointed to do duty at the Plague Research Laboratory, Parel, under the orders of the Director of the Plague Research Laboratory.

Mr. E. M. Proes, Assoc.M.Inst.C.E., Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade, and Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, temporary rank, is, on being relieved by Mr. C. Gulland, Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade, on return from privilege leave, appointed Under Secretary to Government, Public Works Department, Roads and Buildings, vice Mr. H. C. R John, Executive Engineer, 1st Grade.

FOOTBALL IN BOMBAY.

THE HARWOOD LEAGUE.

ROVERS vs GOVERNMENT TELEGRAPH.

Yesterday evening's game in the Harwood, between the Rovers and the Government Telegraph resulted in an easy win for the former by four goals to nil. The play throughout was of a rather ragged nature, though occasionally there were bits of individual play quite up to the best standard of the game. The Rovers outside right and the Telegraph inside left in particular greatly distinguished themselves. The Rovers pressed their opponents hard during the first half and scored two goals. In the second half although they had not things quite so much their own way, they succeeded in again netting the ball twice. Towards the end of the second moiety the game was very slow, both teams appearing to be thoroughly done up. Score:—

Rovers	4 Goals
Government Telegraph	Nil

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

2nd Battalion Great Indian Peninsula Railway Volunteer Rifles.—Major Thomas William Bonner is appointed to officiate as Adjutant with effect from the 3rd May, vice Major C. A. McArthur proceeded on five months' combined leave on private affairs in India.

1st Battalion Bombay Baroda and Central India Railway Volunteer Rifles.—Second Lieutenant F. G. Arnould, Supernumerary List, is retransferred to the Active List with effect from 22nd May.

Colonel Tinley, Indian Army, is appointment A.-A.-G., on the establishment.

Major Whyte, 117th Mahrattas, is appointed Commandant of that regiment, vice Colonel Light, whose tenure is about to expire.

The Government of India have sanctioned the exemption of men of the Army Bearer Corps from the duty of punkha pulling.

H. M. S. REDBREAST.

OVER DUE.

H. M. S. REDBREAST, under the Command of Lieut-Commander H.C. Somerville, R.N., which left Bombay on the 6th instant, for Muscat, has not yet reached her destination. It is believed that she is disabled through stress of weather and drifting about. H. M. S. Sphinx, and the R.I.M.S. Lawrence have been ordered to proceed in search of her.

FROM the last number of the "Board of Trade Journal" received, it would appear that the principal feature of the tea trade in the island of Java, during the past year, (1904) has been the establishment of a tea market in Batavia, three firms having started business, while several of the local houses contemplate taking up the trade. The production has been increased by over three million pounds, and a large area of new land has been laid out for tea culture with Assam seed, which ensures a further increase of quantity to be disposed of in the near future.

BOMBAY CORPORATION.

AMENDMENT OF THE MUNICIPAL ACT.

THE Bombay Municipal Corporation met yesterday by adjournment, when the meeting resumed the consideration of the report of the Committee of the Corporation on the Bill further to amend the Bombay Municipal Act of 1888. The Hon. Sir Pherozeshah M. Mehta, K. C. I. E. presided.

SANITARY ACCOMMODATION.

The Committee recommended the insertion of the following section after section 249 of the Act:—"249A. Where the Commissioner is of opinion that any privy is likely by reason of its not being sufficiently detached from any building to cause injury to the health of any person occupying such building, the Commissioner may, with the previous approval of the Standing Committee, by written notice, require the owner or occupier of the premises in or on which such privy is situated, either—(a) to so close up such privy as to prevent any person using the same and provide in lieu therof such water-closet or privy accommodation or such urinal accommodation as the Commissioner may prescribe, or (b) to provide between the said privy and any portion of the said building such air space open to the sky, and situate entirely within the limits of the said premises as the Commissioner may prescribe."

D. K. E. Dadachanji moved the adoption of the section.

The Hon. Mr. Ibrahim Rahimtoolla was opposed to the provision of the section. Under Section 250 of the present Act an air space three feet in width and open to the sky was enforced, and with regard to such cases the Commissioner had no power to interfere. But under the new section, recommended by the Committee, the Commissioner was authorised to prescribe an open air space to any extent that he liked in the existing buildings. He moved an amendment that instead of the words "such air space open to the sky and situate entirely within the limits of the said premises as the Commissioner may prescribe," the following words be substituted; "an air space of at least three feet in width and open to the sky."

Dr. N. H. E. Sukhia seconded the amendment, which was carried, and the section having accordingly been amended, it was adopted.

THE POWERS OF PLUMBERS.

The Committee also recommended the insertion of a section after section 259. This new section dealt with the work to be done by licensed plumbers and provided among other things as follows: "(1) No person shall permit any work described in this chapter to be executed, except by or through the agency of a licensed plumber. (2) Every person who permits any such work to be executed by or through the agency of any licensed plumber shall, when so required, furnish to the Commissioner the name of such plumber. (3) Every person, who executes or causes to be executed any such work, shall, within one month after completion thereof, and before permitting the same or any portion thereof to be filled in or covered over, deliver or send or cause to be delivered or sent to the Commissioner at his office, notice in writing of the completion of such work, accompanied by a certificate in the form of Schedule S signed by the licensed plumber, by whom or through whose agency the same has been executed, who is hereby required to give and sign such certificate, showing that the same has been executed and completed to his satisfaction, and shall give to the Commissioner all necessary facilities for the inspection of such works."

Mr. D. E. Wacha moved the adoption of the section.

Mr. Manmohundas Ramji was against the section. Under the existing arrangements the plumber could squeeze money from the house-owner and he thought under the proposed section he would still have greater powers of extorting money. He moved an amendment for the omission from sub-section 3 of the words which required the house-owner to obtain a certificate from the licensed plumber.

Dr. S. S. Batliwalla seconded the amendment.

Khan Bahadur M. C. Murzban admitted that the new section would give a little more power to plumbers, but at the same time he thought that the new arrangement would free house-owners from responsibility.

Dr. N. H. E. Sukhia described the plumbers as mischief-makers and said the section was a very oppressive one. It would be cruel to place the house-owners at the mercy of the plumbers. He thought their object would be served as long as there was a direct, careful and efficient Municipal supervision. He contended that the new section would throw the door of corruption still further open for plumbers as also for Municipal inspectors. He moved a second amendment for the deletion of the first three sub-sections.

Mr. Joseph Baptista, in seconding the amendment, remarked that the present system of doing work through plumbers was most intolerable. It was very often difficult to get good work from them, and if it happened that a plumber was on good terms with the supervising Municipal Inspector, he could easily get his work passed.

The Commissioner said it appeared to him that there were two grievances alleged against the licensed plumber: Firstly, that he occasionally forced the house-owner to pay his bill before he gave a certificate, and secondly that he was not quite efficient. On the first point, he thought they could not find fault with the plumber. As regard the other point there was a great deal of force in what Dr. Sukhia and Mr. Baptista said as to the personnel of the licensed plumber. But he asked, would it not be better to entrust the work to a licensed and efficient plumber than to anybody whom the house-owner chose? They should remember that if a licensed plumber did bad work, he rendered himself liable to be reprimanded by the executive authority on a complaint being made against him.

Sir Balchandra Krishna was in favour of Mr. Manmohandas' amendment. Unless a guarantee were given that a plumber would have to pass an examination before he get his license, he would not support the section as submitted by the Committee.

The Hon. Mr. Ibrahim was in favour of the original proposition. He thought it would be much better to get the work done through efficient plumbers.

Dr. N. N. Katrak also supported the proposition.

Mr. James McDonald thought if the services of a good plumber were secured and if a bargain as to his remuneration was properly made beforehand, there would be no difficulty in getting one's work done satisfactorily.

On a division Dr. Sukhia's amendment was lost, and Mr. Manmohundas Ramji's was carried.

The section was amended accordingly and carried.

Further consideration of the subject was adjourned till Thursday next the 27th inst.

A MOTOR CARNIVAL.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Now that there are so many motor-car owners in Bombay, would it not be possible to have a motor carnival organised on lines somewhat similar to those of the cycle carnivals held in Bombay a few years ago? If well organised and held say in September, at night of course, a motor carnival could be made a most popular and interesting spectacle. There are, I should imagine, enough motor-cars in Bombay to make an illuminated parade a fairly imposing sight.—Yours, &c,

A NON-MOTORIST.

A ROAD OF FETID MUD.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I shall feel obliged if you will allow me through the medium of your columns to draw the attention of the Municipality to the state of the road, between Grant's Building and Sassoon Dock. As a result of the heavy showers of rain of the past few days, this part of the road has been converted into a quagmire, the mud in some places lying two inches deep. The heavy cart traffic has turned this mud into a thick offensive glutinous substance and the air reeks with the evil odours thrown up by this matter. No attempt has been made during the past four days to clean the road—the use of a scraper for a few hours would have been all that was necessary—and the fetid mud becomes more offensive every day. Surely it is the duty of the Municipality to see that the roads are kept clean!—Yours, &c.,

A COLABA RESIDENT.

CATHOLIC EDUCATION.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR—I had the perusal of your paper this morning and regretted to read a letter by "A Catholic" which fully convinced me of the fate of two boys and a girl. I do not understand the reason, why the Revd. F. Henriques, Vara of Thana did not make any arrangements for them. I am sure he only had to take the trouble of approaching the Archbishop of Bombay and disclose to his Grace the miserable circumstances into which they were driven for his Grace to have made arrangements to put them in the school. When things are come to such a hard push, why cannot the Bishop of Damon at least start one school and an orphanage purely for his own Diocese. I leave it to the Catholics to judge who is to blame. There is a remote chance for the Catholics of Damon Diocese at least to get Primary Education. Well, can any one suggest me what steps should be taken to redress such cases?—Yours, &c.,

EDUCATION AGAIN.

WOMEN'S INTERESTS.

Two Interesting Weddings.

SOME IRISH INDUSTRIES.

MIDSUMMER MILLINERY.

LONDON, JUNE 30.

ON Tuesday this week the last part of the season begins in real earnest, and by all accounts the next few weeks will be much more lively than the early part of the season. Lord Grimthorpe had a ball in Connaught Place, and Mrs. Albert Brassey in Berkeley Square gave her annual dance. Mrs. Wernher was entertaining at Bath House, and while Madame Moeller at the Savoy Hotel. On Wednesday Mrs. Henry Oppenheim's concert in Bruton Street was well attended, and later the same evening Mrs. Mackay gave a cotillon in Carlton House Terrace at which there were some beautiful and original presents; while the cotillon was led by Donna Bianca Colonna, Mrs. Mackay's granddaughter, and Count Telfener, her cousin. Lord and Lady Ancaster had a dinner and evening party on Thursday to meet Mr. Chamberlain; Lord and Lady Ardilaun are entertaining in Carlton House Terrace; and the great event of the evening was the Duchess of Westminster's ball at Grosvenor House, at which Royalty was well represented. Lady Emily Van de Weyer gave her dance in Arlington Street the same evening, and Princess Henry of Battenberg was there, together with Princess Beatrice of Saxe-Coburg and Princess Ena. Lady Fitzwilliam, with her ball in Grosvenor Square, brought the week to a very gay ending on Friday night, when there were also numerous official dinners and Lady Londonderry's party to celebrate the King's birthday. Mrs. Arthur Wilson and Mr. Charles Wilson are also among the hostesses of this week.

Several weddings of interest have taken place this week. Quite the most interesting was that at St. George's, Hanover-square, of whom Captain the Hon. Frederick Guest, third son of Lord Wimborne, was married to Miss Amy Phipps, daughter of Mr. Henry Phipps. The bride, who was given away by her father, wore a beautiful gown of ivory-white satin, made with a long trained skirt and trimmed with old Brussels lace. She wore a lace veil over a wreath of orange blossom and white roses, and carried a bouquet of the same flowers. The bridesmaids were Miss Louise Wood, Miss Margaretta MacVeagh, Miss Irene Catlin, Lady Mary Bowes-Lyon, Miss Hetty Davenport, Miss Gwendolin Burden, the Hon. Gweneth Ponsonby, and Miss Jean Reid. Their dresses were of white tulle, the full skirts trimmed with four rows of white satin ribbon, closely pleated and separated by insertions of very fine white Mechlin lace. The bodices were arranged with lace chemisettes, and fichu folds of tulle and lace, with small bows of pale pink satin ribbon down the centre of the front. The elbow-sleeves were finished with frills of lace, and the deep waistbelts were of soft white satin, with long sash ends at the back. The bridesmaids wore large Leghorn hats, with full ruches of pale pink and white tulle round the crown, and one long white ostrich feather, with sprays of pink roses clustering on the stem of the feather. The bridesmaids carried bouquets of pink roses, and wore enamelled buckles, with the crest of the Life Guards in the centre, the gift of the bridegroom. Two little girls carried the bride's train, Miss Barbara Villiers and the Hon. Queenie Thesiger, nieces of the bridegroom. They wore very simple frocks of white tulle and lace, with sashes of soft pink satin. Captain de Crespigny, D. S. O., acted as best man. A reception, which was numerously attended, was held at Brooke House, Park-lane, after the ceremony. The honeymoon will be spent at Ashby St. Legers, Rugby, lent by the Hon Ivor Guest. The bride's travelling gown was of fine white summer cloth, trimmed with Irish lace, and arranged on the bodice with pale blue taffetas chiffon. With this, she wore a pretty hat arranged to correspond. The wedding presents included: From the bridegroom, a silver toilet set of the period of Charles II; from the father and mother of the bride, a diamond tiara and other diamond ornaments; Lord and Lady Wimborne, a canteen of silver; the American Ambassador and Mrs. Whitelaw Reid four gold fruit dishes; H. H. the Aga Khan, large turquoise and diamond ornament; Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Carnegie, diamond necklace; Colonel John Hay, two silver salvers; Mr. and Mrs. Jay Phipps, emerald and diamond pendant; Mr. and Mrs. Cradley Martin, silver candelabra; Mr and Mrs. Bradley Martin, jun., diamond pin; Lord Tweedmouth, ostrich feather fan; the Dowager Countess of Limerick two Wedgwood vases; Lord Lovat, embroidery; and Viscountess Deerhurst, a fan.

A very pretty provincial wedding in the country was that at Weston, Shropshire, of Mr. John Heathcote, eldest son of Mr. Heathcote, of Longton Hall, Staffordshire, the Hon. Evelyn Isabella Clegg-Hill, only daughter of the late Viscount Hill, and half-sister of the present peer. Viscount Hill gave the bride away. She was attired in a gown of white satin, draped with old Brussels lace, and a Court train of embroidered chiffon, trimmed with white roses and orange blossoms. Her tulle veil was arranged over a tiara of orange blossom, and she carried a bouquet composed of orange blossom, white roses, lilies, and orchids. The bridemaids were Miss D. M. Wynn, Miss Heathcote, Miss D. Boughey, Miss Clements, and Miss B. Tayleur. They wore white silk dresses, trimmed with lace and chiffon, and Tuscan straw hats, triumed with pink roses and blue ribbon, and they carried bouquets of shaded pink roses. The bridegroom presented them with single pearl pendants on gold chains. Master Jack Mosley and Master Philip Stainer carried the bride's train, and wore white satin Cavalier suits and hats. Mr. J. P. Heathcote was best man. After the ceremony, a reception was held at Hawkstone. Norway has been chosen for the honeymoon. The bride's travelling dress was of dove-coloured silk cellienne, worn with a deep waistbelt of shaded pink ribbon, and a hat to match. The wedding presents included the following: From the bridegroom to the bride, a diamond cluster ring, a diamond and pearl brooch, a set of silver backed brushes, and a fur rug; from the bride to the bridegroom, a silver-fitted dressing-case, silver cigarette and match-box; the parents of the bridegroom, a pearl and diamond tiara, a pearl necklace, fur coat, and cheque; Viscount Hill, a cheque; the Hon. F. W. C. Hill, silver mirror; Miss Bibby, a pearl, ruby, and gold necklace; and Sir Walter and Lady Corbet, a diamond and tourmaline pendant.

Really, the Irish nation is becoming noted for its arts and industries. The Irish Exhibition on St. Patrick's Day proved what the Emerald Isle can do in lace-making and embroideries. And now the Society of Dress Designers' Exhibition in Bond Street has been showing almost as many Irish products as did the recent sale at Seaford House. Mrs. Gaussen, formerly Miss Marguerite Kelby, had some Carrickmacross lace of great beauty and value, and the lace was made and the patterns designed by women workers in their own cottages. And she also showed some grey and white Galway tweed, hand-woven from the purest wool. Mrs. Vere O'Brien, who lives in County Clare, had an interesting display of lace and of what she calls her Clare embroideries. Some exquisite Limerick lace was on view, which included a 'berthe,' a fichu, and a long, lovely scarf, the latter valued at £3. There are, by the way, two sorts of Limerick lace—needle-run lace, which is the most costly, and the tambour variety, that is made on a sort of frame. Clare embroidery shows to advantage on blouses and on children's dresses. A white muslin frock, embroidered in blue forget-me-nots, cost only eight-and-sixpence; another, also in white muslin, was smocked with pink; and a girl's linen overall had collar and pockets worked in green shamrocks. This delicate stitchery is done by peasants in their own homes in the West of Ireland.

Miss Audrey Trevelyan, a Devonshire lady who resides in London, exhibited some wonderful specimens of Devonshire lace. There was on view an entire gown of this beautiful fabric, that might have been made by fairy fingers, and the price, £120, seemed by no means extravagant, as the dress had won a first prize at the St. Louis Exhibition. There were

also shown some fans and handkerchiefs made in the same lace, and many of the patterns had been copied from old Italian laces of the Renaissance period. Windermere is rapidly coming to the fore as the home of hand-woven materials in silks and brocades. Miss Annie Garnett exhibited some delightful soft silks in delicate colours, pale blue, mauve, and yellow; and there also appeared a piece of splendid brocade, priced at fifty shillings a yard. This was made to imitate old brocade, with a fawn ground, and a "sprig" pattern in pale pink, blue, and green; it was of pure silk, rich, thick, and soft, and would make a Court train, or a handsome dinner-gown for the winter season. Miss Elaine Lessore, a lady resident in London, showed some winsome babies' clothes, marvel of work and finest embroideries. Five guineas for a baby's cap sounds expensive, but the dainty blue embroidery on the white muslin was—marvellous to relate—worked with the sixteenth part of a thread of blue floss silk. The Dress Designers justified their name by showing several interesting costumes, and one of these was a real old brocade dinner gown of the Louis Seize period. Among other interesting exhibits were some cotton materials from Armenia, hand-woven, and dyed with vegetable dyes, in pale pink, green, and blue, in deep indigo shade of the latter colour. And there were attractive specimens of the jeweller's art in hand-wrought ornaments in the dull silver, jewelled with opals peridots, and amethysts.

Wonderful as Fashion's vagaries have been all through the year, they have never yet been quite so eccentric as they are at the moment in the matter of millinery. Jaunty hats, tilted up at an impossible angle and filled in with oddly assorted masses of flowers and feathers, assert themselves side by side with the most demure mushroom shapes in chip or in fine Leghorn, trimmed only with a wide ruche of tulle, or a wreath of roses, and quite Early Victorian in their severe simplicity. The long floating veils of embroidered gauze or fine lace which have suddenly made their re-appearance, as draperies falling from the back of the hat and resting on the shoulders, strengthen the impression of some quaint picture of the early days of the last century. In fact, one almost expects to see under the curved brims the smoothly parted hair and the bunches of shining ringlets and side curls which were worn by the belles of sixty years since. Various kinds of very tiny flowers are in high favour just now for millinery purposes, and even when large heavy blossoms, such as those of the La France roses, are used to wreathe the hat-crown—as they are, on many of the mushroom shapes at the moment—the spaces between the roses and their buds and foliage are filled in with masses of small forget-me-nots. The white flower known as the Star of Bethlehem, and the dainty foliage of the white or yellow jasmine, with the so-called gipsy grass, which is its near relation are all pressed into the service. Clusters of these tiny flowers, with pansies and roses of miniature size are fashioned into those quaint wreathes consisting of mixed blossoms of many colours which are used on numbers of the summer hats this season. Undoubtedly the prettiest of the river hats are those which are made with crowns of fine white lawn or muslin, worked with "broderie anglaise," and lined only with chiffon or lisse, so that they add light weight and coolness to their other virtues. They should have many votaries, too, nowadays, when ventilation is supposed to do so much towards improving the condition of the hair, and ensuring its strength and thickness. With the soft crowns of "broderie anglaise," pleated brims of muslin, frilled with lace, are frequently seen. Fortunately, however, these brims are not quite so juvenile, or, rather, so babyish in style as those which were worn two or three summeres since. They have generally a stiff wire at the edge, and the lace is frequently gathered on to the shape, in a number of tiny frills of Valenciennes lace, which fall one over the other like the petal of a flower. A summer hat of this kind looks very pretty, covered entirely with little frills of lace, and having by way of trimming a twist of pale blue soft satin ribbon round the crown, tied in a big bow at the back, and a knot of La France roses, at the side, set round with clusters of forget-me-nots.

Lace is one of the costliest and most effective features in the furnishing of luxurious bedrooms. It gives not only a touch of peculiar richness, but of grace and daintiness as well. Bedspreads of the fashionable fillet lace are strikingly effective with their marked designs, softness, and creamy colouring. The finest ones are made altogether of lace, and cost an extravagant sum. Where expense is an item to be considered, strips of the lace are combined with plain material, matching the lace in tone, a border of the lace being used. Venetian point is a beautiful lace, and is very popular at the present moment. Medallions and insets of this lace make a beautiful covering for a bed, and usually these spreads come in pairs, to be used for twin beds. All the fine French and Italian laces, antique and modern, are considered appropriate for bedroom fittings. The deep-toned Arabic lace, however, which was much used a season or two ago, is now old fashioned. For those who admire it and are not bent on having the latest novelty, there are great bargains to be had in this kind of lace. Bedspreads can be purchased for nearly half price, and other pieces in proportion.

HAYDN'S HOUSE SAVED.

THE house in Vienna which was once Joseph Haydn's property, and in which the great master died in 1809, seems now to be secured against the danger of being pulled down and replaced by a new building. The Vienna City Council has resolved to purchase the house for about £2,500 and to preserve it. I visited the place to-day (writes a Vienna correspondent on June 25). It is a plain, small, two-storey building. There are several flats on the first floor. The inhabited by Haydn consists only of a kitchen and two very small rooms. Just above the flat there is a garret which was frequently used as a study by the composer. Thither he used to flee from his scolding wife whenever he wanted quiet. It is a dark draughty uncomfortable room and is now used as a lumber-room. A better use is made of Haydn's rooms below. They contain the Vienna Haydn Museum, and we find there his spinet, some pieces of furniture, his snuff-box, and many interesting letters, manuscripts, and pictures. A curious fact deserves to be mentioned. I looked through the visitors-book, and found in it almost more names of English, men and Americans entered than of Viennese.

THE EFFECT OF TROPICAL LIGHT ON SKIN.

AN interesting note on the Ethiopian skin appears in Major A. St. Hill Gibbons's recently published report on the proposed Zionist territory in East Africa, which may be compared with the theories advanced by Major Woodruff in his book, as to the injurious effects of tropical light on white men, who are not protected by deep pigmentation of the skin. It is not generally known, he says, that not only is the skin of indigenous man in Africa black, but also that of nearly all the fauna. He instances the native ox, the lion, the buffalo all species of antelope, and monkeys—all of which he found had black skins beneath their coats. Even the "white" rhinoceros possesses a skin as black as its cousin the "black" rhinoceros. Major Gibbons adds that he noticed the same peculiarity among the fauna, the native cattle, and the indigenous populations of India.

THE CITY MORTALITY.

THE Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours ending at 6 a. m., yesterday, give the following results:—

Wards.	Plague Attacks	Plague Deaths	Deaths from all Causes
A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort Southern and Esplanade ...	1	1	6
B Mandvi, Chukla, Oomerkhadi and Dongri	0	1	15
C Market, Dhobi Talao, Fanaswady, Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao and Kumbharwada	1	0	11
D Khetwadi, Girgaum, Chowpati, Walkeshwar, and Mahaluxmi	0	0	5
E Mazagon, Tarwady, 2nd Nagpada, Kamatipura, Tardeo, Byculla and 1st Nagpada	1	2	13
F Parel, Sewree and Sion ...	1	0	3
G Mahim and Worli	0	0	10
Water Division	0	0	0
North-Resident and Unknown	0	0	6
Hospitals	0	0	5
Total.....	4	4	74
Total plague deaths to date...	304,219	259,170	
Same date last year	9	8	87

MR. BENSON'S NEW NOVEL.

MR. BENSON, more than almost any other living novelist, excites a combined fascination and irritation among his readers. Each successive work is filled with a subject of exasperation. The faults of taste are often glaring; absurdities of story or of style conspicuously manifest. Yet the reader finds himself somehow attracted; and Mr. Benson probably commands a consistent audience with books steadily successful. The secrets of such a success are hard to analyse. The writing, indeed, is on an efficient level; the plot is often ingenious. But each successive volume gives the impression of an echo rather than an original voice; of just not succeeding in doing what some other writer has done well. "The Luck of the Vails" is "after" Anthony Hope, "The Challoners" mildly interested in religion and music. "An Act in a Backwater" an attempt, as in Mrs. Craigie's "Vineyard," to dissect the futility of the provincial town. Perhaps a certain brightness and efficiency of workmanship and interest in various fields, with a concern in just those subjects which people are discussing, is the real secret of the circulation of successive volumes.

MAGIC AND MYSTERY.

IN "The Image in the Sand" his new book, the subject is the occult and the mysterious. It is in the line of the work of Mr. Hichins, with, however, the ultimate thrill somehow omitted. There is every attempt to introduce horror and the apprehension of strange forces of evil. The story commences in a mysterious Egyptian and a storm wind raised by some malignant elements outside human life. The breaking of an amulet in a heathen temple liberates the spirit of some ancient Egyptian an evil spirit full of vague power and determination to ravage and destroy. The knowledge spreads in mysterious, underground fashion that some wild force is abroad, and the man who has caused its liberation and can control its energies finds himself suddenly the object of reverence and fear.

That force of evil has entered into the inner soul of the English girl who is the heroine of the tale. For many months it lies there sleeping; but it can be called into unclean life by the master who controls it. And the story is, in fact the record of the awakening of this source of terror and ruin and its final destruction.

All these queer forces of life and death with the mysteries of the black magic—cabalistic signs, crosses, circles and triangles, hypnotism, spiritualism and communion with the dead—are embedded in the commonplace chatter and existence of society in London and the country house, and amid a people, credulous and superstitious yet compelled by their upbringing and the rational life around them not entirely to believe.

A SUPERSTITIOUS SOCIETY.

The success of Mr. Benson's book lies in the picture of this society—that particular kind of world divorced from reality and the sanities of normal life, and therefore preying upon marvels, the development of rites and the gaping credulous hunt for magic, which always accompanies the breakdown of the older religions, and is as prominent in London to-day as in Rome of the later Empire. The failure is in the almost grotesque crudeness of the descriptions of the magic, which leaves the reader entirely unmoved, and at times a little bored; the whole thing so obviously being the creation of a writer deliberately setting himself to harrow the minds of his readers, and conspicuously failing in the effort.

Even the society characters have lost much of their interest. Jack Carbery appears as dull and dreary and commonplace as any hero of the modern English athletic type who stalks through the pages of similar fiction. And although effort is made to depict the raising of his somewhat sluggish emotions, and in the critical scene with the heroine his flesh and blood cried out for her, for the perfection of her beauty for the wonderful She whom his nature demanded, and, taking her in his arms as if he would have broken her, he kissed her again and again; yet it is impossible to imagine that the creature is really alive. Certainly, the ghost of the old Egyptian appears to possess a more vivid existence than this absurd and happy person.

THE WAY OF ILLUMINATION.

The girl spent part of every day in a kind of mystic meditation in an inner chamber and there is a good deal of rather washy writing about the Way and the Secret which does not ring as the coin of true metal.

A black Arab, Abdul, who attends his mistress with fidelity, and endeavours to counteract the black magic, makes a touch of picturesque colour in Berkeley-square and the country houses, and his final disappearance with the villain of the plot over Westminster Bridge into the river in a fog, makes a satisfactory ending. There is an aunt who gardens with extraordinary vigour, and one or two unimportant people who join with the chief personages occasionally in attempting to work up that particular type of nonsense conversation which Mr. Benson has made his own special characteristic. But the working up abruptly ends in jagged edges, to be replaced by the machinery of the occult and mysterious.

"The Image in the Sand" will not lack readers. However scornful and contemptuous, those who take it up will probably continue to the end. The consummation to which the story works up is certainly flat, and almost ridiculous, instead of being terrible; and the escape from the tragedy of possession by demoniacal forces through a commonplace injection of anæsthetics somehow strikes one as lacking in ingenuity and picturesqueness.

The reviewer is accustomed to say with each successive, fluent volume that Mr. Benson might write a good novel of lasting interest. Such hope, however, is lessening with the lengthening out of the productions of his pen. It seems now probable that he will have to be content with such a mediocre success and popularity as will be attained by "The Image in the Sand."

MYSTIC SIGNS.

THE frequent interruption at the election meetings in East Finsbury remind a correspondent of a somewhat similar experience of Mr. Balfour. He was addressing his East Manchester friends in the large hall, some years ago, and was interrupted so much that at one point he quite lost the thread of his discourse. His friends on the platform were too excited to help him, and as a last resource he returned to the reporters at the table below, requesting that one of them would read a portion of his notes. A reporter rose and was about to do so when Sir John William Maclure, leaning forward to hasten matters, snatched the note-book out of his hand and passed it to Mr. Balfour. A broad smile came over Mr. Balfour's face as he glanced at the shorthand page, and, of course, he promptly returned the note-book, which would have been useless to him even if he had been a moderately expert stenographer. But he soon got the missing sentence, and was able to resume his speech without its being generally noticed what had happened.

This recalls another story of which the late Judge Jordan was the hero. Before his admission to the Bar, Mr. Jordan was a reporter on the Manchester press. On one occasion he was engaged in a case in a Manchester court in which it was essential that the use of the particular words in a statement made by the accused should be brought home to him. Mr. Jordan cross examined the reporter upon whose notes the case depended, with his customary urbanity. Suddenly changing his tone, he said sternly, "Give me that note-book; I know something about these matters you know." The book was handed down, and there was silence while Mr Jordan, with much nodding of the head and pursing of the lips, intently studied the characters. The reporter knew perfectly well that the learned counsel practised an entirely different system of shorthand and could not read a word in the book. "I beg your pardon, Mr. Jordan," he said, "but you are reading the notes upside down." Amid much laughter Mr. Jordan handed back the note-book and sat down. After the trial the reporter met Mr. Jordan in the corridor. "It is quite true," said the barrister, "that I could not read the notes, but as a fellow-craftsman, you needn't have 'given me away'."

"JOB" THE SCIENTIST.

If there were any exception to the proverb that one can have too much of a good thing, one would expect ozone to be that exception. Apparently however, it is not, Professor E. Widemann, of Erlangen, warns us that ozone belongs to the poisonous gases, and is the more dangerous since the injurious effects are not manifest at the time. At first breathing the gas produces a feeling of exhilaration, but afterwards it has a depressing effect on the nervous system, causes drowsiness, nervous disturbance, hyperæsthesia of the feet, and such things. Professor Wiedemann's warning, however, is addressed to physicists who have to experiment with the gas. We may assume that ozone is not present in the atmosphere in toxic doses and nobody needs to be afraid lest he should prolong his seaside holiday to the point of producing hyperæsthesia of the feet. Certainly the warning contains no excuse for a certain type of visitor at Blackpool, who, as he passes through the too hospitable swing doors, observes "How pleasant it is to get out of the fresh air."

HERE, THERE, AND EVERYWHERE.

THE farmers at La Rochelle and the neighbouring districts, are greatly troubled with field-mice their numbers being estimated in millions. Many methods of extermination have been employed among them a virus, which is prepared in combination with a tempting broth. The inhabitants are marshalled by the mayor in semi-military formation and the bait spread methodically. It is claimed that the mortality induced by it as the result of experiments in the case of field-mice is as high as 98 per cent. within fifteen days. This is mainly owing to the contagious nature of the virus in regard to rats and mice only.

The New York correspondent of the "Lancet" states that at least one-fourth of his cases of cat terror in grave forms is a family peculiarity. Five in a family of seven had it. In another case, a maternal grandfather two great aunts, an uncle and a sister were all thus troubled, and in other families where one had it, at least one other, brother or sister, was more or less affected. Sex appears to have no marked influence, but the extreme symptoms are more frequent in women. Dr. Mitchell concludes that the cat emanations may affect the nervous system through the nasal membrane, although unrecognised as odours. A susceptible person who is told that a cat is near, when none is in the room may experience the same unpleasant consequences as when the cat is present. It is, perhaps, worthy of note that many of the victims of cat fear declare that even strange cats seem to have an unusual desire to be near them, jump on their laps, and follow them.

Cardinal Manning had an idea of affiliating in some way the Salvation Army to the Roman Catholic Church, and had more than one discussion with General Booth on the question, but apparently there were no definite results. Dr. Nevill, the Anglican Primate of New Zealand has had an interview with General Booth in Dunedin, during which he suggested the basis of an alliance between the Salvation Army and the Church of England? General Booth replied that he had desired for years to do something towards effecting a closer union of all branches of the Christian Church, and he promised to give his best consideration to Dr. Nevill's proposal, provided the Army is left free to carry on its work according to its own principles and methods. That proviso is probably a repetition of what the General told Cardinal Manning.

Mr. George Musgrove, the Australian theatrical manager, who introduced us to The Belle of New York at the Shaftesbury and made a large fortune out of that vivacious young lady, is leaving Melbourne for England to recruit a grand opera company for the Commonwealth. He is going to concentrate on Wagner this time, as he finds that composer most popular with Australians. He says he was surprised when he brought out his last company, at the slump in Maritana. The Bohemian Girl, and other old-time operatic favourites. Maritana might be expected to retain its popularity in Australia, seeing that its composer, the erratic Irishman, William Vincent Wallace, lived in Sydney for some years, and, according to local tradition, wrote some of the opera in that city. Wallace had a most adventurous career at the Antipodes. It is recorded in Mr. J. F. Hogan's History of the Irish in Australia. He was a hermit in the bush, was captured by rebel Maories in New Zealand, was one of three who escaped with their lives from a mutiny on a whaler in the South Seas, and participated in several other exciting incidents.

The schoolboy's essay on the horse is well-known. Here (says an Indian correspondent of the "Liverpool Post") is a Bombay native student's version: The horse is a very noble quadruped, but, when he is angry he will not do so. He is ridden on the spinal cord by the bridle, and sadly the driver place his foots on the stirrup, and divides his lower limbs across the saddle, and drives his animal to the meadow. He has a long mouth and his head is attached to the trunk by a long protuberance called the neck. He has four legs two are in the front side and two are afterwards. These are the weapons on which he runs, he also defends himself by extending those in the rear in a parallel direction towards his foe, but this he does only when in a vexatious mood. His feeding is generally grasses and grains. He is also useful to take on the back a man or woman as well as some cargo. He has power to run as fast as he could. He has got no sleep at night time and always standing awaken. Also there are horses of short sizes. They do the same as the others are generally doing. There is no animal like the horse; no sooner they see their guardian or master they always crying for feeding, but it is always at the morning time. They have got tail, but not so long as the cow and other such like similar animals.

There was a regrettable occurrence at a recent social gathering in Morgan County. It appears, says the "Milwaukee Sentinel," that during the progress of the dance some one inadvertently advanced the opinion that Judge Hargis ought to be hanged, where upon one Dykes raised a point of order, when a bullet from a Winchester laid him low and deprived him of all interest in the subsequent proceedings. The first shot was the signal for a general fusillade, and "for fifteen minutes revolvers and Winchesters cracked" and when the smoke cleared away there were three men dead and six seriously wounded on the floor. Luckily, or owing to the good marksmanship of the gentlemen participating none of the ladies present was hit; but it was an admittedly close call for everybody. No arrests.

The Basses o'-the Barn Band has met with an unexpected contretemps on its visit to Paris. 'Le Temps,' in difficulties as to the translation of the name of the band into language that can be understanded of the Parisian people, has hit upon the French equivalent of 'Elizabeth's Cartshed.'

The house and personal belongings of Mrs. Brown Potter, who has lately suffered financial losses in theatrical ventures, are to be sold by auction. Among the actress' belongings to be disposed of is a fine old Chinese fourleaf screen, 6ft high presented to Mrs. Brown Potter by his Excellency Li Hung Chang.

Lecturing at the Royal Statistical Society, Mr. S. Rosenbaum said he thought that the present Jewish population of the United Kingdom was 250,000. There was an increase every year of about 5080 as the excess of births over deaths and by about 6970 through immigration. Of this Jewish population about 140,000 were in the London area and 25 000 in Scotland and Ireland, and the rest in the provinces in England and in Wales. His investigation led him to the conclusion that the death rate from all causes and at all ages, except in the first five years of their life, was lower among Jews than non Jews, while the birth rate was considerably higher than among Gentiles.

A singularly interesting discovery was made last year by Mr. Vredenburg of the Geological Survey of India, near Kishengarh in Rajputana. It appears that some one sent to the department some specimen of blue sodalite which he believed to be corundum. Subsequent examination of the ground resulted in the discovery of a new series of the remarkable family of elœolite syenites, which present characteristics so far unexplained and unique among minerals. When freshly broken the patches of sodalite are carmine in colour, and the fresh rock-face gives the appearance of being splashed with blood, but in daylight the colour rapidly, and in direct sunlight almost suddenly disappears. The remarkable thing is, however, that when kept in the dark for a few months many of the specimens recover their colour, losing it again on exposure to daylight or to electric light. The sodalite does not appear to differ in chemical composition from the varieties of the mineral, and neither the loss nor the recovery of colour is affected by the humidity of the atmosphere. Though specimens have been sent to Europe for more critical examination no explanation of the remarkable phenomenon has been offered, but there is now no doubt that both the disappearance and re-appearance of the carmine colour are real and regularly recurring phenomena.

On the waters in Hyde Park, within the beautiful setting of the pond garden are several broods of wildfowl, of different growths, which may be watched on their native element behaving as confidently as if on the remotest Norfolk mere. A mother wild duck, with a family of ten ducklings only a few weeks old has evidently, says "Country Life," not quite lost her misgivings that they can be too much in evidence. As a rule she sets a good example by coasting along near the bank, under the tunnel made by drooping Osmunda and giant leaves of hemlocks and butter-burrs. But the infant flock of downy infants are so intent on foraging and so active that they dash out in all directions over the water, catching flies and dabbling in the weeds. A water-lily often serves them in place of a raft on which they stand and preen their down for not one has a feather. At least two broods of little black waterhens, also still covered with down are to be seen, and it is said that some dabchicks are also there. The waterhens do not keep together like the ducklings, but scatter over the pool, where they feed and dive independently. The old birds are so tame that they even settle down to wash their feathers in public.

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DRAKE AND TOGO COMPARED.

THE present Russo-Japanese war again confirms with added emphasis the lessons taught by the Armada campaign, and especially the necessity of being ready to assume the offensive by land as well as by sea without delay. In their maritime aspect these two wars bear a striking resemblance. In both cases the possibility of war had been foreseen for some years, and active preparations had been in progress for some months previous to the outbreak of hostilities. Russia underrated the power of Japan as did Spain that of England, and equally failed to make adequate preparations in time. On the other hand, Japan was better prepared than was England in 1588. Not only was her navy more ready, but her army was equally so, and added to her sea-power a strength which it is difficult to overestimate.

Japan broke off diplomatic relations on February 6, 1904. On the same day Togo put to sea from Sasebo with his whole force. About midnight on the 8-9th, the Japanese destroyers attacked the Russian fleet lying outside Port Arthur, and seriously damaged two battleships and a cruiser. The attack was as disastrous to Russia, and as unexpected and far-reaching in its effect, as was Drake's attack on Cadiz. Togo had struck the first blow, and had put into the Mikado and "his people courage and boldness not to fear any invasion in his own country." But he intended to continue" to impeach the provisions" of Russia and to remain on the coast, as Drake recommended but was not allowed to do. To this end he established a base on the coast of Korea, and later nearer to Port Arthur at the Elliot Islands, whence he maintained a vigorous offensive against every ship which issued from Port Arthur. Using ships of all classes for the work to which each was suited, he grad ually established such an ascendancy in those seas that Russian ships dare not leave the vicinity of the port. Both destroyers and torpedo-boats shared the fate of the battleships, and were eventually "bottled up." While Togo's crews became more skilful and his ships more efficient under the pressure of constant cruising, the Russian officers and men confined to port deteriorated and probably lost what little skill and nerve they originally possessed. It was a striking example of the teaching of Drake and the practice of St. Vincent, and proved that the change from sails to steam has not altered the fundamental principles of war.

On February 9 the same day on which the attack on the fleet at Port Arthur was delivered, the Japanese army began to disembark at Chemulpo. These troops were the advanced-guard of the force which ultimately captured Port Arthur and destroyed the Russian fleet. This could not have been done by the navy alone without the help of the army. The destruction of the Russian fleet was a matter of vital importance, because so long as they were capable of fighting Togo had to reckon with them, and this would have added greatly to the difficulty of dealing with the Baltic fleet. Port Arthur fell on January 2, and he was free to devote his whole attention to Rojdestvensky.

Sufficient facts are not yet known to permit a full discussion of the Russian movements and of the battle of Tsushima on May 27; but the general similarity of the conditions to those of the Armada is striking. On putting to sea the Russians, like the Spaniards were in difficulties, which showed that they were a mere mob of ships commanded and manned by men unaccustomed to the sea and unskilled not only in working their guns but in managing their ships. They were equally encumbered by a number of store ships, colliers, and other non-fighting vessels. Whether Rojdestvensky was ordered to fight, or, like Medina-Sidonia, was directed to try to reach Vladivostok without an engagement, is not known. It was probably fear of missing him and doubts as to his own coal-supply which kept Togo at Tsushima. Analogous reasons—for coal substitutes provisions—caused Howard to return to Plymouth directly the northerly wind failed him during his dash for the coast of Spain. The accounts of the battle are not yet sufficiently detailed to permit a final judgment, but they indicate that the Russian defeat was primarily due to the same causes as was the defeat of the Armada in 1588—superior gunfire and superior skill. The results confirm the lessons taught by the action of August 10 and by peace experiments. The gun is the only weapon of the battleship. No ship, however large and however thickly armoured, can stand up against the fire of a battle-ship's broadside properly served. The only efficient reply is a superior concentration of fire, which means as many effective guns as possible, coupled with superior tactics. To what extent the Whitehead torpedo and the asserted Japanese superiority of speed added to the result must remain an open question until the details of the battle are known and analysed. Hasty deductions are much to be deprecated. Unless care is taken, results may be ascribed to superior speed which should be assigned to lack of tactical skill on the opposite side. It is not to be forgotten that conclusions were drawn from the battle of Lissa in 1866 which misled naval opinion for a generation, and have since been proved to be entirely unsupported by fact.—From "Drake and Togo compared" by the Author of "A Retrograde Admiralty," in Blackwood's Magazine for July.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

(The "Bombay Government Gazette," July 20.)

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Mr Pejanji Manekji Jambusaria B A LL B to be a delegate to aid in the adjudication of cases in the Parsi District Matrimonial Court at Surat vice Lieut Col Kaikhastro Sorabji Nariman I M S deceased.

The Govr in Council is pleased to specially authorize the Extra Head Karkun in the talukas of Indi Sindgi and Bagalkot of the district of Bijapur to exercise the powers of a Mamlatdar under the said Act.

Mr Shridhar Narayan Sathaye Second Class Subordinate Judge Wai and Medha is granted privilege leave for two months with effect from the date of relief.

The Govr in Council is pleased to appoint Mr Keshavlal Vithaldas Desai B A LL B to act as Second Class Fourth Grade Subordinate Judge and to do duty as Second Class Subordinate Judge Wai and Medha during the absence on leave of Mr Sathaye or pending further orders.

Mr J G Gloster Bar-at-L I C S Judge and Session Judge Broach is granted furlough on medical certificate for one month with effect from the date of relief.

Alzam Vinayak Damodar Dhongde Mahalkari petha Farola in the dist of Khandesh is appointed to be a Magistrate of Second Class in that dist.

Mr M Webb I C S Assistant Collector in the dist of Dharwar is appointed to be a Magistrate of the Third class in that district.

Mr Narayan Shripat Pathwe on return to duty to be Assist-Superint of Police Thana.

The resignation by Mr Jamsetji Ardesir Wadia of the post of Honorary Presidency Magistrate Bombay has been accepted by H E the Govr in Council.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Mr S A S Sedlar B A LL B to be member of the Civil and Military Examination Committee for examining candidates in Kanarese vice Mr Shamrao Vithal deceased.

Mr R E Gibson I C S Assist Collector Sukkur is allowed with effect from 6th July privilege leave for two months and twenty-three days in combination with leave on urgent private affairs for such period as may bring the combined period of absence up to six months.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Mr Navreji Dorabji Dhakmarvala G B V C to be Professor of Bovine Pathology Bombay Veterinary College.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to confirm Colonel J P Greany M D I M S in the appointment of Surg-Genl with the Govt of Bombay vice Surg-Genl W McConaghy M D I M S.

The services of Col J McCloghry F R C S (I) I M S are placed permanently at the disposal of the Govt of India.

2nd Batln G I P Ry Volunteer Rifles—Major Thomas William Bonner is appointed to officiate as Adjutant with effect from the 3rd May vice Major C A McArthur proceeded on five months' combined leave on private affairs in India.

1st Batln B B and C I Ry Volunteer Rifles—Second Lieut F G G Arnould Supernumerary List is retransferred to the Active List with effect from 22nd May.

Mr E E Coombs Superint Govt Central Press is allowed privilege leave for three months from the 12th August or the subsequent date.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Mr E M Pres Assocn M Inst C E Assist Engr 1st Grade and Executive Engr 3rd Grade temporary rank is on being relieved by Mr C Gulland Assist Engr 1st Grade on return from privil ge leave appointed Under Secretary to Govt P W D Roads and Buildings vice Mr H C R John Executive Engr 1st Grade on combined leave.

Mr Ibrahim S D Ahmadi I C F, F R I B A Executive Engr 1st Grade is transferred from the Ahmedabad to the Thana Dist.

Mr Vinayak Trimbak Agashe L C F, Executive Engr 3rd Grade is transferred from the Central Hyderabad Canals to the Ahmedabad Dist.

Mr Anthony Nazareth L C E Assist Engr 1st Grade to act as Executive Engr Central Hyderabad Canals Dist vice Mr Agashe.

FOREIGN TELEGRAPHIC SERVICE.

JULY 20.

GREAT BRITAIN.—Via Teheran Perfect Via Turkey Perfect, Via Suez Perfect.

CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—Via Teheran Perfect Via Turkey Perfect Via Suez Perfect.

AMERICA.—Via Brest Perfect. Via Valentia Perfect Via Direct Cable Perfect.

AUSTRALIA.—Via Penang Perfect, Via Amoor Perfect

CHINA.—Via Penang Perfect, Via Amoor Perfect Via Bhamo interrupted.

AFRICA.—Via Aden Perfect, Via Cadiz Teneriffe Perfect, Via Lisbon St Vincent Perfect.

Cable Cayenne.—Pinheiros interrupted (4-8-05)

Cables Dominique —Martinique and St. Lucia Martinique interrupted. Telegrams will be conveyed frequently by steamers (4-8-05)

Cable communication with Martinique is open via Lisbon and Cadiz. Telegrams are accepted at sender's risk and code addresses could not be used (4-8-05)

Cables between Vladivostok and Nagasaki are closed for an indefinite period to all classes of telegrams (18-2-04.)

The Vladivostok route being temporarily closed, telegrams via Chin for Europe and places beyond should bear in the preamble the indication "via Kiachta." The charges are the same as by the Vladivostok route (25-3-05).

The Japanese administration notify that telegrams written in plain English or Japanese addressed to Dalny or Port Arthur can be forwarded to Nagasaki by Military post.

At present they can only be accepted at senders risk (18-3-05.)

Cable Paramaribo Cayenne interrupted (25-5-05).

Cable Bonaire Bissau interrupt (22 6 0)

Latest dates of Foreign Messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 20th July 1905

(Difference in Longitude allowed for.)

JUDGE OF NATAL SUPREME COURT

Mr. Justice Finnemore Tells of Remarkable Cure of Distressing Eczema By Cuticura—Grew Worse Under Professional Treatment.

OTHER SUFFERERS CURED BY CUTICURA

"I suffered a severe attack of eczema on the scalp, face, ears, and neck, and was for several months under professional treatment, but became worse. My face was dreadfully disfigured, and I lost nearly all my hair. My wife prevailed upon me to try the Cuticura Remedies, which I did with most satisfactory results, the disease disappearing and my hair growing thicker and glossier than before my illness. My wife has purchased Cuticura for other sufferers, with good results in each case.—Robert Isaac Finnemore (Judge of the Natal Supreme Court), Pietermaritzburg, Natal."

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The Cuticura Treatment is at once agreeable, speedy, economical, and comprehensive. Bathe the affected parts freely with hot water and Cuticura Soap, to cleanse the surface of crusts and scales, and soften the thickened cuticle. Dry, without hard rubbing, and apply Cuticura Ointment to allay itching, irritation, and inflammation, and soothe and heal, and, lastly, take Cuticura Resolvent, or Pills, to cool and cleanse the blood. This treatment affords instant relief, permits rest and sleep in the severest forms of eczema and other itching, burning, and scaly humours, and points to a speedy, permanent, and economical cure of torturing, disfiguring humours, eczemas, rashes, and inflammations, from infancy to age, when all other remedies and the best physicians fail.

Cuticura Soap, Ointment, and Pills are sold throughout the world. Depots: London, 27 Charterhouse Sq.; Paris, 5 Rue de la Paix; Australia, R. Towns & Co., Sydney. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Boston, U. S. A., Sole Props.

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M. A. P. IN THE GREEN ROOM.

PERHAPS the greatest of all Mr. Arthur Williams's successes on the stage—outshining even that of his Lurcher in Dorothy, originally an unimportant part of twenty none too brilliant lines, but raised by the actor into one of the principal figures of the opera—is his Tramp in A Message from Mars. The stage tramp is usually a very impossible creature, a vagabond philosopher, cheery and vermilion-nosed, and played on those broadly farcical and wildly irresponsible lines which remove the object—assuming rather vainly that the make-up has not already done so—entirely and irrevocably from the ken of human sympathy. But Arthur Williams's tramp is the tramp of real life: the silent, shrinking, shuffling outcast, both hardened and softened by unspeakable suffering and the hopelessness of hope, and strictly loyal in the agreed sharing of any chance flash of luck with a broken comrade. The tramp at the Avenue Theatre is a study from life—life in the "doss-house," life in the arches, life on the bridges; not a study from the Stage Book.

There was a time in Mr. Williams's life, when it is possible he may have picked up a great deal of the artistic material out of which his admirable character sketch in "A Message from Mars" is formed. Mr. Williams had an uncommonly bitter struggle with adversity in the early days of his theatrical career, and he is rightly unashamed to own it. He knows what it is to stand in broken boots on the pavement of a strange city, wondering ruefully, where the next meal is coming from, and when, and whether the night's rest will be taken in a bed or in a doorway. As a youth Mr. Williams had a berth in the firm of a law stationer—they were called law writers in those days—near Chancery Lane; but he had not been here for very long, when the sight of pink tape and parchment tired him, and the odour of sealing wax oppressed him, and he left law stationary for the stage, making his first appearance at the Theatre Royal, Gravesend, on Boxing night 1861 as a walking gentleman. Mr. Williams did all the walking for that Gravesend enterprise. The ghost did none.

Nor was this walking confined to the stage alone. Mr. Williams, deserting Gravesend for a small third-class town in the provinces had no sooner experienced his first week of touring than he discovered that a walking gentleman's duties largely consisted in walking about the streets in search of fresh work and absconding managers. It happened that fate seldom very kind to young actors and actresses in the budding days of their professional career, proved most especially cruel to the ex-law stationer, and he had fair occasion to cry, with the Queen in Hamlet, One woe doth tread upon another's heel so fast they follow! Nearly every new engagement he took ended in vain attempts on his part to obtain payment for work done, and he seriously began to fear that honesty in the proprietor of the fit-up show (this was over forty years ago) was an eccentricity to be carefully avoided on sound business principle. It was not long after this, his first incitation to so deplorable a conclusion that Mr. Williams found himself forced by circumstances into the undignified, but very necessary proceeding of singing in the streets for food and lodging. And thus one gets to the justification for the thought that the comedian at the Avenue may owe his latest success to his earliest failure; and, thence to the reflection that all's well that ends well.

It used to be said of the Empire Theatre that if you missed a man in the City in the morning, you were certain to be able to find him at the Empire in the evening. I don't know whether this has been the case of recent months, with "things in the City" so little justifying the spending of money on pleasure. Perhaps missing a man in the City has been finding him in the river. But, whether this has been so or not, it is very certain that the man who misses another in the City next Saturday, and goes on in the evening to talk stocks and shares with him in the lounge at the Empire, will make his journey for nothing. The last performance for the present will be given on Friday night. After that the house remains closed until October, which is the month by which the directors hope the new building—for it will be particularly that—will be ready for their patrons. During these months of structural and other alterations the pleasures of the Empire will be missed by many of the greatest men of our time. On the first night of a new ballet the boxes and stalls have been occupied by the foremost representatives of service and profession. In October, when the new Empire starts again with a new entertainment, they will be there in stronger force than ever. Meanwhile they must possess their eminent souls in patience, and live on the promise of a revived paradise.

In a place of long establishment, whether it be a theatre or a restaurant or a large house of commerce, it is always as well that there should be no personal change in the chief of the staff. So it is good to learn that the new Empire will be controlled by the man who did so much to make the old one popular—Mr. H. J. Hitchins. This is as well for the patrons as for the directors and shareholders. Mr. Hitchins greyhaired and in every way distinguished-looking, is something more than what is known as a courteous manager—as if there were any special reason why a manager should not be! As well as being a man of business he is a man of artistic taste, and in the drawing-room of the flat, he and Mrs. Hitchins occupy in Leicester Street, a few yards from the theatre of which he has been manager, since its opening as a house of ballet in the Christmas week of 1887, there are many evidences on walls and shelves and in cabinets of his knowledge of what's what in the market of old and rare China. In old Chinese and Japanese ware he takes a particularly lively interest, and among the few hobbies his busy life permits him to entertain, he seems to enjoy most of all the one which takes him on voyages of discovery into the pages of books dealing with the history of his treasured possessions.

Of a different sort altogether are the hobbies of Mr. Walter Dickson, who, on the death of Mr. Hector Tennent, succeeded to the responsibilities of managing director. Mr. Dickson's hobbies are connected, as the word itself so often is, with horses. Before motor-cars hustled and hooted out the fine old picturesque sport of coaching, the managing director of the Empire company was one of the best known whips on the road. For some strange reason—probably because his name was Walter!—he became known in coaching circles as Dicky the Driver, and, although he rarely, if ever, handles a team now, the nickname is still with him, and will probably stick to him for evermore. A shrewd and very exact man of business, Walter Dickson has nevertheless, a genial and generous character, and he is extremely popular alike with his fellow directors, the shareholders, and the staff of the theatre.

Mr. Aldin, the assistant manager, is a brother of Mr. Cecil Aldin, whose humorous sporting pictures have for so long been the rage of clubland. Both Mr. Dickson and Mr. Aldin by the way are "Cecil Aldin" type—the former a coaching type, powerful, ruddy and happy-looking; the latter a hunting type, slight, spick-and-span, and with a general air and cut about him of the young sporting squire. Looking at them in their modern and evidently Savile Row evening-dress it is very easy to picture them in the prettier and quainter, if less fashionable, attire into which it is the custom of Cecil Aldin to put his cheery figures. The Empire Aldin is as smart at jumping horses as his brother is at drawing them and the only sport he has a real use for is the sport of the hunting field.

We like our favourite artists of the stage to do well in other countries. It would be a poor compliment to English art if they "failed to attract." But their success from home has, to us, its dark side, for when once they catch on abroad there's no keeping them for our own enjoyment. The triumphs of Miss Evie Greene as the Duchess of Dantzig in America have proved mixed blessings to her many friends and admirers on this side of the water. She went, she saw, and she conquered, and, when it was known that she had done the last it would have been ungenerous to regret she had done the first. But that success in America, like all success is in America, has meant a return engagement, and in a few weeks London will again be without the services of a lady who—it is not too much to say—stands alone as a dramatic and vocal In the meantime, however, Miss Evie Greene to compensate our wounded feelings by und at the head of a concert party. ld this little farewell tour at the Hall on Wednesday last, and it would tting what everyone by now knows, through umns of the daily Press if I told here the ry of the enthusiasm of the occasion.

Evie Greene made her first appearance before a don public as the boy-hero in the romantic opera, L'Amour Mouille' produced—was it? at the Lyric?—about five years ago. Miss Greene had seen a good deal of the stage before this engagement; at fourteen she had danced in comic opera, and at seventeen she had been the provincial star of "The Gay Parisienne, The New Barmaid," and the Billy companies; but it was not until she came to London that she knew the real greatness of the "new" lady of the chorus. Here, in connection with the discovery, is an amusing story—not, by the way, as told by Miss Greene herself, for she has too generous a nature to make fun of a fellow-worker, but as given to me by a member of the company who was "sitting by" at the exquisite little comedy, of which Miss Greene and a London chorus girl were the chief and only players, at one of the early rehearsals of "L'Amour Mouille."

BEAUTY AND HYGIENE.

For health, beauty and luxury, use the "Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap," which Lady Constance Howard writes "is pleasant to use and whitens and softens the skin." Also Testimonials from Countess Bathurst, Lady White, Viscountess Exmouth, Lady Dorothy Nevill and many others. Delicately perfumed. Warning—When buying the Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap, see that the name and figure head of "Albion" are on the wrapper. Sold by all chemists, Grocers, &c.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE steamer Ascot, 2785 tons, Captain C E Cox, will sail to-day for Kobe via Tuticorin, with a general cargo.

THE steamer Clematis, Captain E L Davies, arrived in harbour yesterday from Calcutta 6th July with a cargo of coal.

THE Clan Line steamer Clan Alpine, 2285 tons Captain J B Green, will sail to-day for Genoa and Liverpool with a general cargo.

THE steamer Jessee Burns, 2210 tons, Captain R Hutton, arrived in harbour yesterday from Calcutta 6th July with a cargo of coal.

THE Wilson Line steamer Castello, 2339 tons, Captain T W Leighton, arrived in harbour yesterday from Hull 21st June, with a general cargo.

THE steamer Kt of the Garter, Captain A J H Billett, arrived in harbour on Wednesday evening from Barry via Calcutta and Colombo in ballast.

THE Bombay and Persia S N Co's steamer Islami 1634 tons Captain, Thos Hughes, sailed yesterday for Jeddah, &c with a general cargo and 20 deck passengers.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Kapurthala, 720 tons, Captain H M Cutbush, sailed yesterday for the Persian Gulf via Karachi with a general cargo and one cabin and 65 deck passengers.

THE Austrian Lloyd's S N Co's steamer E F Ferdinand, 3343 tons, Captain C Matcovich, arrived in harbour yesterday from Calcutta 7th July with a general cargo and 2 cabin and 3 deck passengers.

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—JULY 20.

Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination.	Date.	Agent.
India	2391	Forbes			M M & Co
Elen (bque)	414	Soulton			The Captain
3 Pekin	2523	Cooke	Kobe	20-7	P & O Co
Bhundara	2215	Brocq			M M & Co
Bulimba	1615	Kilpatrick			M M & Co
Dwarka	759	LeGrand			M M & Co
Obra	3406	Johnston			M M & Co
Lonsdale	2343	Lee			M M & Co
Lindula	2189	Dagge			M M & Co
Clematis	2329	Davies			W & A Graham & Co
Jessa Burns	2119	Hutton			W & A Graham & Co
t of the Garter	4294	Billett			K N & Co
Castello	2339	Leighton			F M & Co
E F Ferdinan d	3813	Matcovica			A L S N Co

VESSELS IN DOCKS.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Shed.	Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Destinations.	Date.	Agents.
A	Clan Alpine	2285	Green	L'pool	22-7	F Muir & Co
B	Clan Sinclair	1872	Sheriff	N F		F M & Co
C & R	Nubia	3344	Tillard	China 8 8		P & O Co
D & E	Persia	3779	Cragliotto	Kobe	27-7	A L S N & Co
F	Grantly Hall	2395	Jones	Awerp	20-7	W & A G & Co
G	Mohammadi	1232	Storey	R S ports	20-7	B & P S N Co
H	Akbar	1140	Baiwin	London	30-7	H C J Jusub
L	Raffir	1721	Roberts	N F	Jeddah	29-7 W & A G & Co
M	Safari	1432	Ulrich	Aden	2-8	C Dinshaw & Bros
N	Roscene	991	T H Royan	Jeddah Hosenee		29-7
O	Islami	1091	Hughes	H S ports	23-7	B & P S N Co

H. W. P. D.

	Satrunji	547	Ahmed	Karachi		22-7 Shpd & Co

P. D. H. W.

	Sabarmati	521	Ahmed	M Goa	22-7	Shepherd & Co

M. D. D. P. D.

	Naderi	1963	Mylchrist	N F		29-7 B & P S N Co
	Indravati	513	Ahmed	Repairing		Shephd & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1	Banca	3793		Ferguson	Japan	23-7 P & O Co
2	Olympia	3269	Osborne	L'pool		29-7 W & A G & Co
4	Oriental	3335	Lewellen	Aden		29-7 P & O Co
6	Bengal	2751	Phillips	China		25-7 P & O Co
8	Augustus	3071	Bockholt	Cadiz	29-7	W & A G & Co
9	Ascot	2785	Cox	Kobe		21-7 W & A G & Co
10&11	Wartenfels	2916	Rode	Hamburg	21-7	Glade & Co
12	Arcadia	3574	Cubitt	London	22-2	P & O Co
14	Linga	943	Rickford	Karrachi	21-7	M M & Co

100 ton Crane.

Ponani		Repairing	Shepherd & Co

ARRIVALS.

July	Vessel.	Commander.	From.
19	Kt of the Garter s.	Billett	Barry &c
20	Clematis s	Davies	Calcutta July 6
	Jessee Burns s	Hutton	Calcutta July 6
	Castello s	Leighton	Hull June 21
	E F Ferdinand s	Matcovich	Calcutta July 7

DEPARTURES.

July	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
20	Mohammadi s	Storey	Hodeida
	Islami s	Hughes	Jeddah
	Kapurthala s	Cutbush	Persian Gulf

The following vessels obtained their port-clearances yesterday:—

Steamer Ascot, Cox for Kobe
" Clan Alpine, Green for Liverpool

The following vessels entered for loading yesterday:—

Steamer Kaffir for London &c
" Castello for Hull via Karachi

REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The B I S N Co's steamer Mombassa left Aden on the evening of the 19th instant.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Graham left Liverpool on the afternoon of the 19th instant.

DAILY EXPORTS.—JULY 20.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Olympia s—200 bales cotton Ralli Bros; 150 cwts nigerseed, A. Blascheck and Co; 2755 cwts mowraseed E D Sassoon and Co; 98 bales wool N Gooculdas 500 cwts myrabollams P Lukhmidas; 200 cwts terrmeric Baner and Krause 200 bales cotton fly and waste and 50 bales buffalo pickers C Hirji and Co; 830 cwt oil cake The New Mofussil and Co;

Clare Alpine s—40 bales wool Ewart Latham and Co; 32 bales Moti Jetha

FOR LONDON.

Kaffir s—48 bales sisal fibre Gordon and Co; 570 cwts horns and 170 cwts hoofs H Kaderbhoy 525 cwts myrabollams David Sassoon and Co; 1125 cwts cottonseed and 5725 cwts linseed Ralli Brothers

FOR ANTWERP.

Grantley Hall s—1028 bales cotton Ralli Bros 2001 cwts poppyseed E D Sassoon and Co; 2007 cwts mowraseed Waghjee Bechur 2000 cwts poppyseed Nanses Khairaz and Co; 220 bales Cotton Glade and Co; 2000 cwts linseed Killick Nixon and Co; 630 bales cotton Volkart Bros

Wartenfels s—55 bales cotton fly P H Chichgar and Co

FOR HAMBURG.

Wartenfels s—374 bales Cotton Ralli Bros

FOR MARSEILLES.

Olympia s—2000 cwts linseed and 4500 cwts wheat M C Michaelidi and Co; 1500 cwts wheat and 450 cwts teelseed Ralli Bros

FOR GENOA.

Clan Alpine s—2000 cwts rapeseed and 1001 cwts. linseed A Blascheck and Co

FOR BASTON.

Olympia s—102 casks skins Max Klein

FOR NEWPORT.

Kaffir s—1500 tons manganese ore R A Willis

FOR HONGKONG.

Bengal s—50 bales twist M M Essabhoy

Pekin s—15 cwts clove stems 15 cwt kismis 2 cwt jardaloo and 7 cwt jethimudh Dawji Nathoo and Co

FOR SHANGHAI.

Bengal s—15 bales twist M M Essabhoy 800 bales twist David Sassoon and Co

FOR KOBE.

Persia s—100 bales cotton C and Macdonald and Co

Pekin s—61 bales cotton Dhunjeebhoy B Petit and Co 400 bales cotton Jehangir B Petit and Co 57 bales cotton J Mooljee and Co

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

SQUADRON ORDERS, BY MAJOR T. W. CUFFE A. D. C. COMMANDING Sq. L. H.

Bombay, July 21, 1905.

1 There will be practice Tent-pegging on the Chowpatty Sands this Friday morning from 7 a m.

2 There will be shooting at the Colaba Range for the monthly Challenge Cup and practice to-morrow Saturday the 22nd instant from 4 p m.

By Order
T. W. CUFFE, Major,
Commanding B. L. H.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT-COL. E. FERRERS NICHOLSON, V. D. COMMANDING.

Bombay, July 21, 1905.

1 The annual regimental prize distribution will take place at the Town Hall on Wednesday the 26th instant at 9 p.m.

Officers commanding Companies are requested to make their own arrangements for their prize lists and prizes which will be distributed at the same time.

The Bombay Volunteer Rifles (Rifle Association) prizes will be distributed at the same time.

At the conclusion of the prize-giving there will be a short dance.

Admission to the prize-giving this year will be by tickets for all, except ladies and members of the Bombay Volunteer Rifles and Staff who must attend in Uniform.

Dress for Officers—Mess Dress (Red or White).

Dress for N C Officers and Volunteers—Mess Dress or Uniform with Forage Caps.

2 A list of the winners of the Commandant's prizes is now ready and may be seen at Head-Quarters.

By Order,
A R. SHARP, Captain,
Ag. Adjutant B. V. R.

Lea and Perrins' Sauce.

By Royal Warrant to His Majesty the King.

THE ORIGINAL AND GENUINE WORCESTERSHIRE.

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KESHRANJAN is an excellent Preserver and Invigorator of the Hair. It cures Baldness, Nervous Dizziness, Debility of the Brain, Melancholia, Short Sight, Weakness of Body and of Memory, Vertigo, and other similar maladies. It arrests the falling off of the hair and readily brings about a new and steady growth. It imparts a shine to the body, a gloss to the skin, and a "BRILLIANCY" to the countenance. Its fragrance is most pleasing. If you want to have a sound head and a cool brain, a curling, luxuriant, and healthy growth of raven-like black and glossy hair, a beaming and ever-brilliant countenance, a soft shining skin,—Use our KESHRANJAN OIL.

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— Do. per Packing and Postage ... ... As. 11.

Babu Dwarka Nath Ghose, Sub-Judge, Jessore, says:—KESHRANJAN OIL is cooling to the head, and has a very sweet fragrance.

Roy Dayal Chand Some Bahadur, M.B., Hony. Phyn. to H. E. the Viceroy, says:—The KESHRANJAN will be found efficacious in several head-complaints.

Maharaja Sir Narendra Krishna Bahadur, K.C.S.I., says:—The KESHRANJAN keeps the head and brain cool.

Mr. P. N. Mukherjee, Dy. Magistrate, Police Court, Sealdah, says:—The KESHRANJAN is delightfully scented and is cooling in its effects.

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in the diagnosis of your serious case of Diabetes, it is your look-out to find out where to get the right medicine. When the Pathology of your case is obscure and the treatment is unsatisfactory, you will be on the side of safety to order for our DIABETES SPECIFIC at once. No Diabetes however bad is not strong enough to resist our specific. Many Doctors prescribe it in their private practice and a good number of patients gratefully acknowledge its efficacy by means of unsolicited testimonials.

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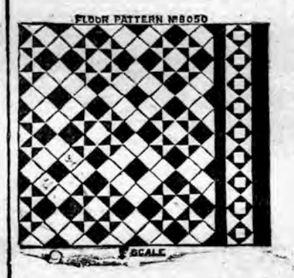

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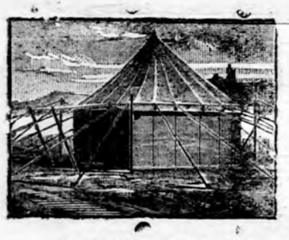

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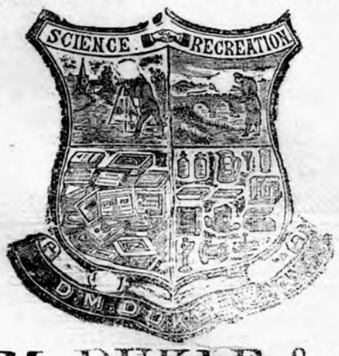

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